Enantioselective Synthesis of the 5-6-7 Carbocyclic Core of the Gagunin

Diterpenoids

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Materials and Methods. Unless stated otherwise, reactions were performed in flamedried glassware under an argon or nitrogen atmosphere using dry, deoxygenated solvents (distilled or passed over a column of activated alumina).¹ Reaction temperatures were controlled by an IKAmag temperature modulator. Thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was performed using E. Merck silica gel 60 F254 precoated plates (0.25 mm) and visualized by UV fluorescence quenching, anisaldehyde, or CAM staining. SiliaFlash P60 Academic Silica gel (particle size 0.040–0.063 mm) was used for flash chromatography. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on a Varian 500 (at 500 and 125 MHz, respectively) and are reported to CDCl₃ (δ 7.26 and 77.16 respectively) or C₆D₆ (δ 7.16 and 128.06 respectively). Data for ¹H NMR spectra are reported as follows: chemical shift (δ ppm) (multiplicity, coupling constant (Hz), integration). IR spectra were recordere on a Perkin Elmer Paragon 1000 Spectrometer and are reported in frequency of absorption (cm^{-1}) . HRMS were acquired using an Agilent 6200 Series TOF with an Agilent G1978A Multimode source in electrospray ionization (ESI), atmospheric pressure chemical ionization (APCI) or mixed (MM) ionization mode. Preparatory HPLC was performed on an Agilent 1200 series HPLC with an Agilent Prep-SIL 30 x 250 mm, 5 µm column employing a 50 mL/min and a variable gradient of hexanes and ethyl acetate as eluent. Optical rotations were measured with a Jasco P-1010 polarimeter at 589 using 100 path-length cell. nm а mm

Experimental Procedures



Methyl ester 18: To a flame-dried 100-mL 3-neck round bottom flask equipped with a reflux condenser was added triflate 12 (1.1 g, 3.1 mmol). The atmosphere was evacuated under vacuum for 10 min and then backfilled with N_2 gas. THF (31 mL, 0.10 M) was added followed by flame-dried LiOAc (520 mg, 7.9 mmol, 2.5 equiv) then $Pd(PPh_3)_4$ (360 mg, 0.31 mmol, 0.10 equiv). Silvl ketene acetal 17 (0.91 mg, 6.3 mmol, 2.0 equiv) was added and the flask was heated to 65 °C for 15 min. The solution was cooled to ambient temperature and diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 15 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (15 mL), dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a yellow oil with solids. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography (92:8 hexanes:EtOAc) to afford 18 as a colorless oil (664 mg, 77%). Characterized as a 3.7:1.0 mixture of diastereomers: $R_f = 0.33$ (5:1 hexanes: EtOAc); ¹H (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.74–5.60 (m, 1H), 5.403 (t, J = 1.0, 0.22H), 5.395 (t, J = 1.0, 0.87H), 5.12–4.98 (m, 4H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 3.10–3.03 (m, 2H), 2.53 (d, J = 14.0, 0.22H), 2.52 (d, J = 14.0, 0.78H), 2.40–2.35 (m, 1H), 2.29 (d, J = 14.0, 0.78H) 14.0, 0.87H), 2.24 (d, J = 14.0, 0.25H), 2.21–2.10 (m, 2H), 2.04–1.98 (m, 1H), 1.14 (s, 0.66H), 1.13 (s, 2.37H), 1.03 (s, 0.68H), 1.02 (s, 2.39H); ¹³C (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 213.6, 172.5, 136.4, 134.1, 134.0, 133.9, 119.2, 118.4, 52.1, 49.5, 45.0, 44.4, 44.0, 43.0, 37.7, 26.1, 24.8; IR: 2965, 2928, 1740, 1714, 1435, 1164, 917 cm⁻¹; HRMS (MultimodeESI/APCI) *m*/*z* calc'd for C₁₇H₂₅O₃ [M+H]⁺: 277.1798, found 277.1786; $[\alpha]^{25}_{D}$ –12.96 (*c* 0.55, CHCl₃).



Ketal 19: To a 100-mL round bottom flask equipped with a stirbar, Dean–Stark trap, and reflux condenser was added ketoester 18 (0.76 g, 2.7 mmol) and benzene (14 mL, 0.20 M). Ethylene glycol (0.77 mL, 14 mmol, 5.0 equiv) and p-toluenesulfonic acid (160 mg, 0.82 mmol, 0.30 equiv) were added to the flask. The flask was heated to 105 °C for 12 h, then additional ethylene glycol (0.77 mL, 14 mmol, 5.0 equiv) and p-toluenesulfonic acid (160 mg, 0.82 mmol, 0.30 equiv) were added to the solution and the reaction was stirred for 3 h. The solution was cooled to ambient temperature and diluted with water (25 mL), neutralized with aq. sat. NaHCO₃ (20 mL), and then extracted with EtOAc (3 x 30 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (20 mL), dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a light-yellow oil. Analysis of the crude product by ¹H NMR spectroscopy shows a 3.3:1 mixture of product to starting material. The crude product was purfied by silica gel chromatography (95:5 hexanes: diethyl ether) to afford 19 as a colorless oil (409 mg, 47%) and a 1.0:1.25 mixture of product 19 to starting material 18 (63 mg). Characterized as a 4.5:1.0 mixture of diastereomers: $R_f = 0.27$ (95:5 hexanes:diethyl ether); ¹H (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.90– 5.83 (m, 1H), 5.73–5.66 (m, 1H), 5.37 (s, 0.18H), 5.32 (s, 0.81H), 5.09–4.99 (m, 4H), 3.96-3.90 (m, 4H), 3.66 (s, 3H), 3.01-2.92 (m, 2H), 2.32-2.25 (m, 1H), 2.23-2.19 (m, 2H), 2.01–1.93 (m, 2H), 1.48–1.43 (m, 1H), 1.09 (s, 3H), 1.02 (s, 0.59H), 0.98 (s, 2.45H);

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¹³C (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.0, 135.5, 135.0, 134.3, 134.1, 118.2, 117.2, 112.0, 65.0, 64.6, 51.9, 44.8, 43.5, 43.0, 40.3, 38.0, 36.9, 26.5, 20.3; IR (thin film) 2975, 2952, 2879, 1741, 1460, 1435, 1162, 1117, 914 cm⁻¹; HRMS (Multimode-ESI/APCI) *m/z* calc'd for $C_{19}H_{28}O_4$ [M+H]⁺: 321.2060, found 231.2073; [α]²⁵_D –45.3 (*c* 0.72, CHCl₃).



Amide 20: To a 25-mL round bottom flask containing 19 (226 mg, 0.70 mmol) was added N,O-dimethylhydroxylamine hydrochloride (110 mg, 1.1 mmol, 1.6 equiv) and the flask was evacuated under vacuum for 10 min then backfilled with an N₂ atmosphere. THF (4.7 mL, 0.15 M) was added and the resulting suspension was cooled to -20 °C. A solution of isopropylmagnesium chloride (1.35 mL, 2.10 mmol, 3.0 equiv, 1.55 M) was added dropwise and the reaction mixture was stirred for 15 min. The reaction mixture was next quenched with sat. aq. NH₄Cl (5.0 mL), diluted with water (20 mL) and warmed to ambient temperature. The aqueous phase was extracted with diethyl ether (3 x 20 mL) and the combined organic extracts was washed with brine (5.0 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo to afford a yellow oil. The crude product was purified by silica gel chromatography (3:1 hexanes:EtOAc) to afford **20** as a colorless oil (228) mg, 93%). Characterized as a 4.5:1.0 mixture of diastereomers:² $R_f = 0.20$ (5:1 hexanes:EtOAc); ¹H (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.91–5.82 (m, 1H), 5.78–5.67 (m, 1H), 5.23 (s, 0.18H), 5.16 (s, 0.81H), 5.09–4.97 (m, 4H), 3.96–3.87 (m, 4H), 3.67 (s, 3H), 3.20–2.98 (m, 2H), 2.36–2.27 (m, 1H), 2.25–2.18 (m, 2H), 2.02–1.97 (m, 2H), 1.45 (d, J = 14.5, 0.20H), 1.43 (d, J = 14.0, 0.80H), 1.14 (s, 0.59H), 1.12 (s, 2.36H), 1.01 (s, 0.56H), 0.96

(s, 2.38H); ¹³C (125 MHz, CDCl₃, 273K) δ 173.5, 135.6, 135.1, 134.6, 132.1, 118.2, 117.2, 111.9, 64.9, 64.5, 61.5, 44.6, 43.4, 42.9, 40.1, 37.8, 34.9, 32.4, 26.4, 20.4; IR: 2974, 2934, 2879, 1668, 1378, 1118, 1012 cm⁻¹; HRMS (Multimode-ESI/APCI) *m/z* calc'd for C₂₀H₃₂NO₄ [M+H]⁺: 350.2326, found 350.2340; [α]²⁵_D –32.2 (*c* 0.83, CHCl₃).



Vinylketone 21: To a cooled (-20 °C) solution of 20 (648 mg, 1.90 mmol) in THF (18.5 mL, 0.10 M) was added a solution of vinylmagnesium bromide (2.90 mL, 2.04 mmol, 1.1 equiv, 0.70 M) dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred at -20 °C for 80 min then additional vinylmagnesium bromide (0.53 mL, 0.370 mmol, 0.20 equiv, 0.70 M) was added and the resulting solution was stirred for 20 min. The reaction was quenched by the addition of saturated aq. NH₄Cl (20 mL) and water (10 mL) and then warmed to ambient temperature. The phases were separated and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 20 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (10 mL), dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a yellow oil. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (95:5 hexanes:EtOAc) to afford 21 as a colorless oil (431 mg, 74% yield). Characterized as a 2.7:1.0 mixture of diastereomers: Rf = 0.54 (5:1 hexanes: EtOAc); ¹H (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.48 (dd, J = 10.5, 17.0, 1H), 6.26 (dd, J = 2.0, 17.0, 1H), 5.89-5.79 (m, 1H), 5.73 (dd, J = 1.5, 11.0, 1H), 5.74-5.64 (m, 2H), 5.74-5.64 (m,1H), 5.18 (s, 0.25H), 5.11 (s, 0.70H), 5.10–4.97 (m, 4H), 3.98–3.89 (m, 4H), 3.23–3.08 (m, 2H), 2.32-2.24 (m, 1H), 2.22-2.17 (m, 2H), 2.01-1.94 (m, 2H), 1.48 (d, J = 14.0, 0.20H, 1.46 (d, J = 14.0, 0.80H), 1.11 (s, 0.85H), 1.10 (s, 2.16H), 1.01 (s, 0.85H), 0.97

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(s, 2.16H); ¹³C (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 199.2, 135.5, 135.4, 134.9, 134.8, 134.7, 128.2, 118.3, 117.3, 111.9, 64.9, 64.6, 44.8, 43.8, 43.3, 43.2, 40.4, 38.0, 26.5, 20.5; IR (thin film): 3072, 2974, 2878, 1696, 1399, 1118, 993, 914 cm⁻¹; HRMS (Multimode-ESI/APCI) *m/z* calc'd for C₂₀H₂₉O₃ [M+H]⁺: 317.2111, found 317.2112; [α]²⁵_D –29.6 (*c* 1.02, CHCl₃).



Bicyclic enone 23: To a solution of **21** (431 mg, 1.36 mmol) in sparged benzene (136 mL, 0.01 M) was added Hoveyda–Grubbs generation II catalyst **22**³ (43 mg, 0.070 mmol, 0.05 equiv). The reaction mixture was heated to 40 °C and stirred for 40 min. The reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C and ethylvinyl ether (4.0 mL) was added and the resulting solution was warmed to ambient temperature. The solution was concentrated *in vacuo* and the crude product was purified by column chromatography (SiO₂, 5:1 hexanes:EtOAc) to afford **23** as a colorless oil (351 mg, 85%). Characterized as a 2.9:1.0 mixture of diastereomers: $R_f = 0.29$ (5:1 hexanes:EtOAc); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) 86.53–6.47 (m, 1H), 5.99 (d, *J* = 11.5, 0.73H), 5.98 (td, *J* = 1.5, 11.0, 0.25H), 5.83 (ddt, *J* = 7.5, 10.4, 16.7, 0.27H), 5.70 (ddt, *J* = 7.5, 9.9, 17.0, 0.73H), 5.34 (s, 0.25H), 5.27 (s, 0.73H), 5.02–4.88 (m, 2H), 4.02–3.91 (m, 4H), 3.17–3.06 (m, 2H), 2.35–2.31 (m, 2H), 2.26 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 14.8, 0.29H), 2.19 (dd, *J* = 7.5, 13.5, 1H), 2.14 (ddd, *J* = 1.0, 7.0, 13.5, 0.27H), 2.07 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 13.1, 0.76H), 1.82 (d, *J* = 13.5, 0.77H), 1.76 (d, *J* = 13.5, 0.77H), 1.61 (d, *J* = 13.5, 1H), 1.27 (s, 3), 0.96 (s, 2.12H), 0.92 (s, 0.66H); ¹³C NMR

(CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 200.7, 143.3, 135.5, 135.0, 134.0, 133.7, 117.8, 111.6, 64.8, 64.7, 47.7, 44.1, 43.5, 41.05, 40.98, 40.3, 26.8, 19.5; IR (thin film): 2935, 2880, 1672, 1461, 1258, 1114, 914 cm⁻¹; HRMS (Multimode-ESI/APCI) *m/z* calc'd for C₁₈H₂₅O₃ [M + H]⁺: 289.1798, found 289.1793; [α]²⁵_D+192.6 (*c* 0.77, CHCl₃).



Enol carbonate 24: To a cooled (–78 °C) solution of LHMDS (100 mg, 0.59 mmol, 1.1 equiv) in THF (4.5 mL, 0.12 M) in a 15-mL round bottom flask was added a solution of 23 (163 mg, 0.54 mmol) in THF (1.1 mL, 0.5 M). The resulting solution was stirred at – 78 °C for 30 min then methylchloroformate (65 μ L, 0.81 mmol, 1.5 equiv) was added dropwise to the flask. The reaction mixture was stirred at –78 °C for 3 h then warmed to ambient temperature and stirred for 1 additional hour. To the solution was added sat. aq. NH₄Cl (5.0 mL) and water (10 mL) then the mixture was extracted with EtOAc (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic extract was washed with brine (5.0 mL), dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a yellow-brown oil. The crude product was purified through a silica gel plug (6:1 hexanes:EtOAc \rightarrow 5:1 hexanes:EtOAc) to afford 24 as a light yellow oil (172 mg, 92%, characterized as a 4.5:1 mixture of diastereomers): $R_f = 0.40$ (9:1 hexanes:EtOAc); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 5.96 (s, 1H), 5.88–5.79 (m, 3H), 5.46 (s, 0.18H), 5.41 (s, 0.84H), 5.06–5.01 (m, 2H), 4.02–3.92 (m, 4H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 2.53 (m, 1H), 2.47 (m, 0.23H), 2.28–2.17 (m, 2H), 2.08

(dd, J = 17.0, 8.0, 1H), 1.81–1.73 (appar q., J = 14.0, 26.5, 2H), 1.13 (s, 3H), 1.03 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 155.0, 144.1, 138.0, 137.7, 135.2, 131.3, 125.1, 123.2, 117.6, 111.9, 64.9, 64.8, 55.2, 43.9, 42.8, 42.72, 42.65, 36.2, 25.1, 20.6; IR (thin film) 2957, 2929, 2880, 1759, 1440, 1257, 1037 cm⁻¹; HRMS (Multimode-ESI/APCI) *m/z* calc'd for C₂₀H₂₇O₅ [M+H]⁺: 347.1853, found 347.1842; [α]²⁵_D –157.8 (*c* 0.75, CHCl₃).



Ketone 25: To a solution of **24** (82.0 mg, 0.235 mmol) in 7:1 DMA:H₂O (2.35 mL, 0.10 M) in a 10 mL Parr shaker flask was added PdCl₂ (8.30 mg, 0.047 mmol, 0.20 equiv) and Cu(OAc)₂•H₂O (19.0 mg, 0.094 mmol, 0.40 equiv). The reaction vessel was put under an atmosphere of oxygen and run in the Parr shaker for 18 h. The reaction was filtered through a plug of silica gel (2:1 hexanes:EtOAc) and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a yellow oil. Analysis of the crude product by ¹H NMR showed 12% aldehyde product. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (3:1 hexanes:EtOAc) to afford **25** and **S1** as a colorless oil (206 mg, 61% yield); separation of diastereomers by HPLC (3:1 hexanes:EtOAc) afforded the major diastereomer **25** (84 mg, 25% yield), minor diastereomer **S1** (17 mg, 5% yield), and aldehyde product **S2** (8.0 mg, 9% yield)⁴: **25**: $R_f = 0.32$ (2:1 hexanes:EtOAc); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 6.04 (s, 1H), 5.92 (ddd, J = 2.2, 3.1, 12.0, 1H), 5.69 (d, J = 0.6, 1H), 5.60 (ddd, J = 3.2, 8.7, 11.9, 1H), 3.51–3.40 (m, 3H), 3.38–3.33 (m, 1H), 3.35 (s, 3H), 2.46 (td, J = 3.1, 17.3, 1H), 2.39 (d, J = 15.1,

1H), 2.32 (d, J = 15.4, 1H), 1.75 (s, 3H), 1.70 (dd, J = 8.7, 17.0, 1H), 1.57 (d, J = 14.1, 1H), 1.47 (d, J = 14.4, 1H), 1.29 (s, 3H), 1.20 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 205.3, 155.1, 145.0, 137.8, 137.6, 131.2, 125.7, 123.4, 111.3, 64.8, 64.3, 54.5, 50.8, 44.5, 42.7, 42.6, 36.2, 31.4, 25.3, 21.6; IR (thin film) 2957.8, 2887.5, 1759.6, 1713.8, 1441.0, 1258.4, 1135.0, 1039.8, 1014.4, 945.0; HRMS (Multimode-ESI/APCI) *m/z* calc'd for C₂₀H₂₇O₆ [M+H]⁺: 363.1802, found 363.1806; [α]²⁵_D –35.8 (*c* 0.32, CHCl₃).

S1: $R_f = 0.32$ (2:1 hexanes:EtOAc); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 6.10 (s, 1H), 5.97 (ddd, J = 2.2, 3.1, 11.7, 1H), 5.59 (ddd, J = 3.5, 9.0, 12.0, 1H), 5.58 (d, J = 0.5, 1H), 3.53–3.47 (m, 2H), 3.43–3.40 (m, 1H), 3.39–3.33 (m, 1H), 3.36 (s, 3H), 2.47 (d, J = 15.4, 1H), 2.15 (td, J = 3.2, 15.1, 1H), 2.06 (d, J = 15.1, 1H), 1.83 (s, 3H), 1.66 (dd, J = 8.8, 16.5, 1H), 1.53 (d, J = 14.1, 1H), 1.32 (d, J = 14.1, 1H), 1.17 (s, 3H), 1.14 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, C₆D₆) δ 205.1, 155.1, 144.8, 137.8, 137.7, 130.7, 126.2, 123.9, 111.5, 64.4, 64.3, 54.5, 50.3, 44.9, 42.6, 42.1, 36.6, 30.7, 25.1, 23.8; IR (thin film) 2916, 2848, 1758, 1697, 1441, 1261, 1135, 1040, 946, 737 cm⁻¹; HRMS (Multimode-ESI/APCI) *m/z* calc'd for C₂₀H₂₇O₆ [M+H]⁺: 363.1802, found 363.1804.⁵

S2: $R_f = 0.32$ (2:1 hexanes:EtOAc); ¹H NMR (500 MHz, C_6D_6) δ 9.35 (t, J = 1.4, 1H), 6.04 (s, 1H), 5.95 (ddd, J = 2.2, 3.2, 11.9, 1H), 5.59 (ddd, J = 3.2, 8.7, 11.9, 1H), 5.02 (d, J = 1.0, 1H), 3.43–3.36 (m, 4H), 3.36 (s, 3H), 2.28 (dt, J = 2.5, 16.7, 1H), 2.06–1.95 (m, 2H), 1.79 (ddd, J = 6.0, 10.0, 14.0, 1H), 1.68 (dd, J = 8.5, 17.0, 1H), 1.65 (ddd, J = 6.0, 10.0, 14.0, 1H), 1.62 (d, J = 14.1, 1H), 1.23 (s, 3H), 0.91 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, C_6D_6) δ 200.3, 155.2, 145.0, 138.4, 137.5, 131.2, 125.8, 123.5, 112.0, 64.39, 64.37, 54.6, 42.9, 42.6, 42.5, 39.9, 36.3, 30.9, 24.7, 20.6; IR (thin film) 2922, 1760, 1722, 1441, 1259, 1118, 1040, 1015, 945 cm⁻¹; HRMS (Multimode-

ESI/APCI) *m*/*z* calc'd for C₂₀H₂₇O₆ [M+H]⁺: 363.1802, found 363.1819; $[\alpha]^{25}_{D} = -82.4$ (*c* 0.41, CHCl₃).



Diazoketone 26: To a –78 °C solution of LHMDS (27 mg, 0.16 mmol, 1.5 equiv) in THF (0.40 mL, 0.40 M) was added a solution of ketone **25** (39 mg, 0.11 mmol) in THF (0.20 mL 0.50 M). The vial that previously contained 25 was next rinsed with THF (0.20 mL) and added to the reaction mixture. The solution was stirred at -78 °C for 30 min, then 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl trifluoroacetate (46 μ L, 0.34 mmol, 3.2 equiv) was added in one rapid portion and resulting reaction mixture was stirred for 30 min. The reaction mixture was poured into a separatory funnel containing diethyl ether (5.0 mL) and 1 M HCl (5.0 mL). The phases were separated and the aqueous phase was extracted with diethyl ether (3 x 3.0 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (5.0 mL), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude product was dissolved in MeCN (0.35 mL, 0.30 M). To the solution was added triethylamine (22 µL, 0.16 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and water (2.0 μ L, 0.11 mmol, 1.0 equiv). A solution of pacetamidobenzylsulfonyl azide (40 mg, 0.16 mmol, 1.5 equiv) in MeCN (0.27 mL, 0.40 M) was added dropwise over 25 min. The solution was stirred for 3 h then diluted with diethyl ether (15 mL) and washed with 10% NaOH (3 x 3.0 mL). The aqueous phase was extracted with diethyl ether (3.0 mL). The combined organic extract was washed with brine (3.0 mL), dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a yellow oil. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (3:1 hexanes:acetone) to afford **26** as a yellow oil (20.0 mg, 47% yield): $R_f = 0.27$ (3:1 hexanes:EtOAc); ¹H NMR (C₆D₆, 500 MHz) δ 6.03 (s, 1H), 5.95 (ddd, J = 2.2, 3.2, 11.9, 1H), 5.65 (s, 1H), 5.61 (ddd, J = 3.5, 8.8, 11.7, 1H), 4.23 (s, 1H), 3.44–3.37 (m, 4H), 3.35 (s, 3H), 2.44 (d, J = 13.5, 1H), 2.41 (td, J = 3.5, 17.0, 1H), 2.24 (d, J = 13.5, 1H), 1.73 (dd, J = 8.7, 17.0, 1H), 1.53 (d, J = 14.5, 1H), 1.47 (d, J = 14.0, 1H), 1.33 (s, 3H), 1.22 (s, 3H); ¹³C (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) 193.7, 155.0, 144.6, 137.9, 136.7, 131.4, 125.2, 123.1, 111.3, 65.1, 64.9, 55.3, 44.4, 42.7, 42.5, 36.1, 25.2, 21.0; IR (thin film) 2958, 2929, 2101, 1760, 1634, 1360, 1257, 1135, 1038 cm⁻¹; HRMS (Multimode-ESI/APCI) *m/z* calc'd for C₂₀H₂₄N₂O₆ [M + H]⁺: 389.1707, found 389.1712; [α]²⁵_D –334.7 (*c* 0.53, CHCl₃).



Cyclopropane 27: To a solution of **26** (11 mg, 0.027 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (1.9 mL, 0.014 M) was added a suspension of Rh₂(OAc)₄ (0.30 mg, 0.00050 mmol, 0.02 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (0.50 mL, 0.00010 M). The reaction was vigorously stirred for 3 h. The reaction was then filtered through a Celite plug and the plug was washed with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 2.0 mL). The combined washings of CH₂Cl₂ were concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a colorless oil. The crude product was purified by column chromatography to afford **27** as a colorless oil (6.9 mg, 71% yield): $R_f = 0.24$ (2:1 hexanes:EtOAc); ¹H NMR (C₆D₆, 500 MHz) δ 5.77 (dddd, *J*=1.3, 2.2, 3.2, 12.8, 1H), 5.61 (dddd, *J*=0.7, 3.2, 6.1, 12.8, 1H), 4.89 (d, *J*=2.2, 1H), 3.47–3.39 (m, 1H), 3.37–3.28 (m, 3H), 3.32 (s, 3H), 2.61 (d, *J*=17.6, 1H), 2.46 (td, *J*=3.1, 19.6, 1H), 2.04 (d, *J*=17.6, 1H), 1.90 (td, *J*=1.0, 5.9, 1H), 1.82 (dd, *J*

= 6.1, 19.6, 1H), 1.60 (d, J = 6.1, 1H), 1.46 (s, 3H), 1.32 (d, J = 15.7, 1H), 1.09 (s, 3H), 0.99 (d, J = 15.4, 1H); ¹³C NMR (C₆D₆, 125 MHz) δ 208.6, 154.9, 148.2, 134.2, 124.3, 123.2, 111.2, 65.1, 64.8, 55.8, 54.5, 45.4, 45.2, 44.3, 42.0, 40.9, 38.3, 36.1, 26.6, 21.4; IR (thin film) 2919, 2850, 1760, 1717, 1441, 1264, 1235, 1038, 1012 cm⁻¹; HRMS (Multimode-ESI/APCI) *m*/*z* calc'd for C₂₀H₂₄O₆ [M + H]⁺: 361.1646, found 361.1658; [α]²⁵_D -51.2 (*c* 0.35, CHCl₃); mp 130–131 °C.



Tricycle 28 and **Cyclopropane 29**: To a 0 °C solution of **27** (7.2 mg, 0.020 mmol) in MeOH (1.0 mL, 0.020 M) was added K₂CO₃ (7.0 mg, 0.050 mmol, 2.5 equiv). The solution was stirred for 2 h, where upon starting material was consumed. The reaction mixture was diluted with water (1.0 mL) and extracted with diethyl ether (5 x 1.0 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine (1.0 mL), dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford a light-yellow residue. ¹H NMR analysis of the crude product showed a 1.0:1.8 mixture of **28** to **29**. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (12:1 CH₂Cl₂:EtOAc \rightarrow 10:1 CH₂Cl₂:EtOAc \rightarrow 5:1 CH₂Cl₂:EtOAc) to afford **28** (1.9 mg, 31% yield) and **29**. Product **29** was further purified by column chromatography (2:1 hexanes:EtOAc \rightarrow 1:1 hexanes:EtOAc) to afford **29** as an amorphous solid (1.8 mg, 27% yield).

28: $R_f = 0.32$ (5:1 CH₂Cl₂:EtOAc); ¹H NMR (C₆D₆), 500 MHz) δ 6.21 (ddd, J = 1.9, 3.1, 11.7, 1H), 6.03 (appar. t, J = 1.8, 1H), 5.86 (ddd, J = 3.2, 8.7, 11.5, 1H), 3.24–3.13 (m,

S13

3H), 3.09–3.04 (m, 1H), 3.00 (td, J = 3.1, 17.0, 1H), 2.48 (d, J = 18.0, 1H), 2.36–2.31 (m, 2H), 2.10 (ddd, J = 1.1, 9.9, 19.7, 1H), 1.63 (d, J = 14.0, 1H), 1.62 (d, J = 18.0, 1H), 1.42 (dd, J = 8.8, 17.2, 1H), 1.08 (d, J = 14.4, 1H), 0.916 (s, 3H), 0.905 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (C₆D₆, 125 MHz) 213.2, 190.7, 158.9, 140.3, 132.9, 129.1, 110.6, 64.9, 64.1, 48.1, 47.8, 45.6, 44.5, 42.7, 41.7, 40.2, 26.4, 24.2; IR (thin film) 2958, 2918, 2849, 1742, 1738, 1652, 1605, 1173, 1069; HRMS (Multimode-ESI/APCI) *m*/*z* calc'd for C₁₈H₂₂O₄ [M + H]⁺: 303.1591, found 303.1602; $[\alpha]^{25}_{D}$ +94.1 (*c* 0.12, CHCl₃).

29: $R_f = 0.21$ (5:1 CH₂Cl₂:EtOAc); ¹H NMR (C₆D₆), 500 MHz) δ 6.42 (dd, J = 6.3, 10.1, 1H), 5.99 (d, J = 9.9, 1H), 3.28–3.25 (m, 1H), 3.23–3.16 (m, 3H), 2.53 (dd, J = 1.8, 19.4, 1H), 2.33 (dd, J = 1.8, 17.8, 1H), 2.11 (ddd, J = 2.0, 11.0, 18.5, 1H), 2.04 (dd, J = 1.5, 19.0, 1H), 2.02 (dd, J = 10, 18.5, 1H), 1.85 (dd, J = 1.8, 6.3, 1H), 1.64 (t, J = 10.5, 1H), 1.61 (d, J = 14.5, 1H), 1.52 (d, J = 14.8, 1H), 1.46 (dd, J = 0.6, 18.0, 1H), 0.86 (s, 1H), 0.67 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (C₆D₆, 125 MHz) δ 213.8, 194.7, 147.6, 112.4, 64.9, 64.1, 50.3, 47.5, 44.2, 43.0, 42.0, 36.0, 32.8, 29.1, 24.5, 22.9, 14.8; IR (thin film) 2918, 1741, 1661, 1396, 1248, 1182, 1140, 1061, 991 cm⁻¹; HRMS (Multimode-ESI/APCI) *m/z* calc'd for C₁₈H₂₂O₄ [M + H]⁺: 303.1591, found 303.1603; [α]²⁵_D +28.5 (*c* 0.080, CHCl₃); decomposed at 157.1 °C.

References

⁽¹⁾ Pangborn, A. B.; Giardello, M. A.; Grubbs, R. H.; Rosen, R. K.; Timmers, F. J. *Organometallics* **1996**, *15* 1518–1520.

⁽²⁾ The ¹³C NMR was taken at 273K; higher temperatures (298K and 323K) resulted in lower resolution of certain peaks due to line broadening.

^{(3) (}a) Garber, S. B.; Kingsbury, J. S.; Gray, B. L.; Hoveyda, A. H. J. Am. Chem. Soc.

²⁰⁰⁰, *122*, 8168–8179. (b) Gessler, S.; Randl, S.; Blechert, S. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **2000**, *41*, 9973–9976.

(4) An aldehyde product derived from the minor diastereomer of **24** was obtained, but was of insufficient purity to characterize.

(5) Minor diastereomer S1 is derived from *meso*-12 and is achiral, thus no optical rotation was obtained.





Infrared spectrum (thin film/NaCl) of compound 18.



¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **18**.





Infrared spectrum (thin film/NaCl) of compound 19.



¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **19**.





Infrared spectrum (thin film/NaCl) of compound 20.



¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **20**.







Infrared spectrum (thin film/NaCl) of compound 21.







S25





Infrared spectrum (thin film/NaCl) of compound 24.















 13 C NMR (125 MHz, C₆D₆) of compound S1.





Infrared spectrum (thin film/NaCl) of compound S2.



¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **26**.





2

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б

00.4



Infrared spectrum (thin film/NaCl) of compound 26.



¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) of compound **26**.





Infrared spectrum (thin film/NaCl) of compound 27.





0=





Infrared spectrum (thin film/NaCl) of compound 28.



 1 H NMR (125 MHz, C₆D₆) of compound 29.









Crystal Structure Analysis of:

Compound 27



(gms01, CCDC 936539)

By Lawrence Henling

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626-395-2735

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Table 1. Crystal Data Figures Minimum overlap Table 2. Atomic coordinates Table 3. Bond Lengths Table 4. Anisotropic displacement parameters Table 5. Hydrogen coordinates

Table 1. Crystal Data and Structure Analysis Details for gms01(CCDC 936539).

Empirical formula	C20 H24 O6
Formula weight	360.39
Crystallization solvent	90:10 hexanes/DCM
Crystal shape	irregular
Crystal color	colourless
Crystal size	0.42 x 0.47 x 0.49 mm

Data Collection

Preliminary photograph(s)	rotation
Type of diffractometer	Bruker APEX-II CCD
Wavelength	0.71073 Å MoK
Data collection temperature	100 K
Theta range for 9913 reflections used in lattice determination	2.61 to 41.71°

Unit cell dimensions	a = 7.3454(3) Å b = 10.9165(5) Å c = 22.3527(9) Å	$ \begin{array}{l} \alpha = 90^{\circ} \\ \beta = 90^{\circ} \\ \gamma = 90^{\circ} \end{array} $
Volume	1792.37(13) Å ³	
Z	4	
Crystal system	orthorhombic	
Space group	P 21 21 21 (# 19)	
Density (calculated)	1.336 g/cm ³	
F(000)	768	
Theta range for data collection	2.1 to 43.7°	
Completeness to theta = 25.00°	99.8%	
Index ranges	$-14 \le h \le 11, -20 \le k \le 20, -43$	$3 \le 1 \le 43$
Data collection scan type	and scans	
Reflections collected	63249	
Independent reflections	12908 [R _{int} = 0.0432]	
Reflections > $2\sigma(I)$	11049	
Average σ(I)/(net I)	0.0360	
Absorption coefficient	0.10 mm ⁻¹	
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from equivalen	ts
Max. and min. transmission	1.0000 and 0.9276	

Structure Solution and Refinement

Primary solution method	dual
Secondary solution method	difmap
Hydrogen placement	geom
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²
Data / restraints / parameters	12908 / 0 / 344
Treatment of hydrogen atoms	refall
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	2.22
Final R indices [I> 2σ (I), 11049 reflections]	R1 = 0.0424, $wR2 = 0.0761$
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0551, $wR2 = 0.0771$
Type of weighting scheme used	calc
Weighting scheme used	calc w=1/[^2^(Fo^2^)]
Max shift/error	0.002
Average shift/error	0.000
Absolute structure parameter	-0.1(3)

Largest diff. peak and hole

0.47 and -0.32 $e{\cdot}\text{\AA}^{-3}$

Cell refinement Data collection Data reduction Structure solution Structure refinement Graphics Programs Used SAINT V8.18C (Bruker-AXS, 2007) APEX2 2012.2-0 (Bruker-AXS, 2007) SAINT V8.18C (Bruker-AXS, 2007) SHELXS-97 (Sheldrick, 1990) SHELXL-97 (Sheldrick, 1997) DIAMOND 3 (Crystal Impact, 1999)

References

Special Refinement Details



Table 2. Atomic coordinates $(x \ 10^4)$ and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(\mathring{A}^2x \ 10^3)$ for gms01 (CCDC 936539). U(eq) is defined as one third of the trace of the orthogonalized U^{ij} tensor.

	Х	у	Z	U_{eq}
<u></u>	6733(1)	2153(1)	7625(1)	14(1)
C(2)	7984(1)	1772(1)	7112(1)	16(1)
C(3)	8076(1)	2683(1)	6580(1)	15(1)
C(4)	6193(1)	3226(1)	6441(1)	13(1)
C(5)	4647(1)	3197(1)	6885(1)	13(1)
C(6)	4750(1)	2288(1)	7416(1)	14(1)
C(7)	4101(1)	1056(1)	7154(1)	17(1)
C(8)	4386(1)	1130(1)	6484(1)	16(1)
C(9)	4465(1)	2454(1)	6314(1)	14(1)
C(10)	6146(1)	4333(1)	6051(1)	15(1)
C(11)	7128(1)	4498(1)	5554(1)	16(1)
C(12)	8479(1)	3719(1)	5270(1)	21(1)
C(13)	9176(1)	2659(1)	5469(1)	23(1)
C(14)	8824(1)	1967(1)	6038(1)	21(1)
C(15)	9405(1)	3724(1)	6740(1)	20(1)
C(16)	3519(1)	2705(1)	7927(1)	20(1)
C(17)	7369(1)	1835(1)	8641(1)	18(1)
C(17A)	8272(5)	1531(3)	8447(2)	20(1)
C(18)	8251(1)	2979(1)	8434(1)	20(1)
C(19)	7504(1)	6612(1)	5410(1)	16(1)
C(20)	7403(1)	8726(1)	5263(1)	25(1)
O(21)	7307(1)	3269(1)	7892(1)	18(1)
O(22)	6845(1)	1230(1)	8082(1)	19(1)
O(23)	4440(1)	275(1)	6136(1)	22(1)
O(24)	6741(1)	5566(1)	5214(1)	22(1)
O(25)	8576(1)	6698(1)	5812(1)	23(1)
O(26)	6824(1)	7516(1)	5082(1)	23(1)

<u>C(1)-C(2)</u>	1.5285(9)
C(1)-C(6)	1.5373(9)
C(1)-O(21)	1.4206(8)
C(1)-O(22)	1.4354(7)
C(2)-H(2A)	0.988(9)
C(2)-H(2B)	0.958(10)
C(2)-C(3)	1.5512(9)
C(3)-C(4)	1.5362(9)
C(3)-C(14)	1.5440(9)
C(3)-C(15)	1.5399(10)
C(4)-C(5)	1.5086(8)
C(4)-C(9)	1.5499(9)
C(4)-C(10)	1.4913(9)
C(5)-H(5)	0.968(8)
C(5)-C(6)	1.5473(8)
C(5)-C(9)	1.5186(8)
C(6)-C(7)	1.5419(9)
C(6)-C(16)	1.5273(9)
C(7)-H(7A)	0.953(10)
C(7)-H(7B)	0.963(10)
C(7)-C(8)	1.5153(9)
C(8)-C(9)	1.4962(9)
C(8)-O(23)	1.2156(8)
C(9)-H(9)	0.932(10)
C(10)-H(10)	0.929(10)
C(10)-C(11)	1.3354(9)
C(11)-C(12)	1.4522(10)
C(11)-O(24)	1.4219(8)
C(12)-H(12)	0.893(10)
C(12)-C(13)	1.3412(11)
C(13)-H(13)	0.948(11)
C(13)-C(14)	1.5014(10)
C(14)-H(14A)	0.972(11)
C(14)-H(14B)	0.957(11)
C(15)-H(15A)	0.929(10)
C(15)-H(15B)	0.949(11)
C(15)-H(15C)	0.944(11)
C(16)-H(16A)	0.958(10)
C(16)-H(16B)	0.989(9)
C(16)-H(16C)	0.953(10)
C(17)-H(17A)	0.986(10)
C(17)-H(17B)	0.971(14)
C(17)-C(18)	1.4808(12)
C(17)-O(22)	1.4650(9)
C(17A)-H(17A)	0.952(9)
C(17A)-H(17C)	1.00(5)
C(17A)-C(18)	1.582(4)
C(17A)-O(22)	1.369(3)
C(18)-H(18A)	0.84/(11)
C(18)-H(18B)	0.948(12)
C(18)-O(21)	1.4312(8)

Table 3. Bond lengths [Å] and angles [°] for gms01 (CCDC 936539).

C(19)-O(24)	1.3449(8)
C(19)-O(25)	1.1973(8)
C(19)-O(26)	1.3277(8)
C(20)-H(20A)	0.928(11)
C(20)-H(20B)	0.978(11)
C(20)-H(20C)	0.984(12)
C(20)-O(26)	1.4458(10)
C(2)-C(1)-C(6)	111.48(5)
O(21)-C(1)-C(2)	111.75(5)
O(21)-C(1)-C(6)	109.06(5)
O(21)-C(1)-O(22)	106.66(4)
O(22)-C(1)-C(2)	107.99(5)
O(22)-C(1)-C(6)	109.78(5)
C(1)-C(2)-H(2A)	108.6(5)
C(1)-C(2)-H(2B)	106.4(6)
C(1)-C(2)-C(3)	115.30(5)
H(2A)-C(2)-H(2B)	108.6(8)
C(3)-C(2)-H(2A)	109.0(5)
C(3)-C(2)-H(2B)	108.7(6)
C(4)-C(3)-C(2)	111.27(5)
C(4)-C(3)-C(14)	110.91(5)
C(4)-C(3)-C(15)	109.48(5)
C(14)-C(3)-C(2)	106.98(5)
C(15)-C(3)-C(2)	108.80(5)
C(15)-C(3)-C(14)	109.34(5)
C(3)-C(4)-C(9)	124.40(5)
C(5)-C(4)-C(3)	122.44(5)
C(5)-C(4)-C(9)	59.52(4)
C(10)-C(4)-C(3)	116.85(5)
C(10)-C(4)-C(5)	112.63(5)
C(10)-C(4)-C(9)	108.30(5)
C(4)-C(5)-H(5)	117.2(5)
C(4)-C(5)-C(6)	118.74(5)
C(4)-C(5)-C(9)	61.59(4)
C(6)-C(5)-H(5)	117.6(5)
C(9)-C(5)-H(5)	121.5(5)
C(9)-C(3)-C(0)	107.87(3) 100.00(5)
C(1) - C(0) - C(3)	109.99(3) 108.04(5)
C(7) C(6) C(5)	103.94(3) 104.71(5)
C(16) C(6) C(1)	104.71(5) 111.18(5)
C(16) - C(6) - C(1)	111.10(5) 110.70(5)
C(16)-C(6)-C(7)	110.70(5) 111.12(6)
C(6)-C(7)-H(7A)	115 2(6)
C(6)-C(7)-H(7B)	108.0(6)
H(7A)-C(7)-H(7B)	100.0(0) 109.4(8)
C(8)-C(7)-C(6)	106.58(5)
C(8)-C(7)-H(7A)	113.1(6)
C(8)-C(7)-H(7B)	103.8(5)
C(9)-C(8)-C(7)	107.95(5)
O(23)-C(8)-C(7)	126.65(6)
O(23)-C(8)-C(9)	125.28(5)
C(4)-C(9)-H(9)	114.6(6)

C(5)-C(9)-C(4)	58 89(4)
C(5)-C(9)-H(9)	124 1(6)
C(8)-C(9)-C(4)	120.68(5)
C(8)-C(9)-C(5)	107.77(5)
C(8)-C(9)-H(9)	117 9(6)
C(4)-C(10)-H(10)	118.0(6)
C(11)-C(10)-C(4)	125 62(6)
C(11) - C(10) - C(4)	125.02(0) 116.3(6)
C(10) C(11) C(12)	130.82(6)
C(10) C(11) O(24)	116 55(6)
O(24) C(11) C(12)	110.55(0) 112.40(6)
C(11) C(12) H(12)	112.49(0) 114.0(7)
$C(11)-C(12)-\Pi(12)$ C(12)-C(12)-C(11)	114.9(7)
C(12)-C(12)-C(11)	126.40(0)
C(12)-C(12)-H(12)	110.0(7)
C(12)- $C(13)$ - $H(13)$	113.9(0)
C(12)- $C(13)$ - $C(14)$	130.43(7)
C(14)-C(13)-H(13)	115.7(6)
C(3)-C(14)-H(14A)	106.2(6)
C(3)-C(14)-H(14B)	110.9(6)
C(13)-C(14)-C(3)	118.11(6)
C(13)-C(14)-H(14A)	108.4(6)
C(13)-C(14)-H(14B)	107.6(6)
H(14A)-C(14)-H(14B)	104.8(9)
C(3)-C(15)-H(15A)	111.3(6)
C(3)-C(15)-H(15B)	109.8(7)
C(3)-C(15)-H(15C)	109.7(7)
H(15A)-C(15)-H(15B)	107.0(9)
H(15A)-C(15)-H(15C)	110.0(9)
H(15B)-C(15)-H(15C)	108.9(9)
C(6)-C(16)-H(16A)	109.0(6)
C(6)-C(16)-H(16B)	114.6(5)
C(6)-C(16)-H(16C)	111.7(6)
H(16A)-C(16)-H(16B)	106.8(8)
H(16A)-C(16)-H(16C)	108.0(8)
H(16B)-C(16)-H(16C)	106.4(8)
H(17A)-C(17)-H(17B)	109.5(9)
C(18)-C(17)-H(17A)	116.5(6)
C(18)-C(17)-H(17B)	109.1(8)
O(22)-C(17)-H(17A)	104.7(5)
O(22)-C(17)-H(17B)	113.7(7)
O(22)-C(17)-C(18)	103.23(6)
H(17A)-C(17A)-H(17C)	113(3)
C(18)-C(17A)-H(17A)	110.6(6)
C(18)-C(17A)-H(17C)	90(3)
O(22)-C(17A)-H(17A)	114.3(7)
O(22)-C(17A)-H(17C)	122(3)
O(22)- $C(17A)$ - $C(18)$	102.7(2)
C(17)-C(18)-C(17A)	32.37(15)
C(17)- $C(18)$ - $H(18A)$	117 7(8)
C(17)-C(18)-H(18R)	114 5(7)
C(17A)-C(18)-H(18A)	140 8(8)
C(17A)-C(18)-H(18R)	84 5(7)
H(18A)-C(18)-H(18B)	$102\ 2(11)$
O(21) - C(18) - C(17)	102.2(11)
O(21) - O(10) - O(11)	103.01(0)

O(21)-C(18)-C(17A)	103.98(13)
O(21)-C(18)-H(18A)	110.1(8)
O(21)-C(18)-H(18B)	108.5(6)
O(25)-C(19)-O(24)	125.81(6)
O(25)-C(19)-O(26)	127.11(6)
O(26)-C(19)-O(24)	107.07(5)
H(20A)-C(20)-H(20B)	112.8(10)
H(20A)-C(20)-H(20C)	108.8(10)
H(20B)-C(20)-H(20C)	112.1(9)
O(26)-C(20)-H(20A)	109.0(8)
O(26)-C(20)-H(20B)	101.7(6)
O(26)-C(20)-H(20C)	112.2(7)
C(1)-O(21)-C(18)	108.01(5)
C(1)-O(22)-C(17)	107.76(5)
C(17A)-O(22)-C(1)	107.45(15)
C(17A)-O(22)-C(17)	35.08(16)
C(19)-O(24)-C(11)	116.00(5)
C(19)-O(26)-C(20)	114.43(6)

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

	U ¹¹	U ²²	U ³³	U ²³	U ¹³	U ¹²
C(1)	159(3)	145(2)	122(2)	22(2)	-22(2)	0(2)
C(2)	137(3)	177(3)	177(2)	23(2)	-6(2)	35(2)
C(3)	116(2)	182(3)	147(2)	12(2)	7(2)	18(2)
C(4)	119(2)	142(2)	115(2)	-2(2)	-2(2)	3(2)
C(5)	115(2)	156(2)	111(2)	-5(2)	-11(2)	12(2)
C(6)	132(2)	176(3)	101(2)	8(2)	-2(2)	-2(2)
C(7)	190(3)	180(3)	128(2)	14(2)	-11(2)	-41(2)
C(8)	161(3)	179(3)	137(2)	1(2)	-18(2)	-23(2)
C(9)	140(2)	170(3)	105(2)	5(2)	-22(2)	-11(2)
C(10)	154(3)	157(3)	142(2)	5(2)	-22(2)	6(2)
C(11)	193(3)	174(3)	124(2)	17(2)	-32(2)	-35(2)
C(12)	234(3)	274(3)	133(2)	4(2)	31(2)	-33(3)
C(13)	219(3)	295(4)	177(3)	-22(3)	64(2)	30(3)
C(14)	192(3)	236(3)	199(3)	3(2)	51(2)	62(3)
C(15)	136(3)	269(3)	186(3)	33(2)	-25(2)	-30(3)
C(16)	177(3)	287(3)	124(2)	-4(2)	22(2)	16(3)
C(17)	186(5)	250(4)	109(3)	16(3)	-28(3)	-18(3)
C(17A)	208(19)	198(16)	183(15)	14(11)	-55(13)	31(12)
C(18)	216(3)	243(3)	146(2)	-8(2)	-70(2)	22(3)
C(19)	160(3)	195(3)	118(2)	18(2)	35(2)	-18(2)
C(20)	306(4)	185(3)	267(3)	7(3)	51(3)	-1(3)
O(21)	223(2)	177(2)	135(2)	13(2)	-68(2)	-29(2)
O(22)	225(2)	186(2)	146(2)	51(2)	-42(2)	-14(2)
O(23)	340(3)	179(2)	156(2)	-25(2)	-4(2)	-33(2)
O(24)	303(3)	198(2)	147(2)	48(2)	-80(2)	-64(2)
O(25)	234(3)	257(3)	210(2)	26(2)	-61(2)	-69(2)
O(26)	284(3)	199(2)	215(2)	50(2)	-43(2)	-14(2)

Table 4. Anisotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2x \ 10^4)$ for gms01 (CCDC 936539). The anisotropic displacement factor exponent takes the form: $-2\pi^2$ [$h^2 \ a^{*2}U^{11} + ... + 2 \ h \ k \ a^* \ b^* \ U^{12}$]

	Х	У	Z	U _{iso}
H(2A)	758(1)	96(1)	696(1)	18(2)
H(2B)	918(1)	169(1)	728(1)	24(2)
H(5)	397(1)	395(1)	694(1)	8(2)
H(7A)	464(1)	35(1)	733(1)	20(2)
H(7B)	280(1)	102(1)	720(1)	21(2)
H(9)	380(1)	271(1)	598(1)	24(2)
H(10)	535(1)	496(1)	615(1)	24(2)
H(12)	885(2)	397(1)	491(1)	27(2)
H(13)	1001(1)	229(1)	520(1)	32(3)
H(14A)	996(2)	160(1)	617(1)	32(3)
H(14B)	805(2)	129(1)	594(1)	28(2)
H(15A)	956(1)	426(1)	642(1)	22(2)
H(15B)	1057(2)	339(1)	683(1)	34(3)
H(15C)	897(2)	415(1)	708(1)	31(3)
H(16A)	233(1)	288(1)	777(1)	25(2)
H(16B)	394(1)	345(1)	814(1)	20(2)
H(16C)	340(1)	209(1)	823(1)	26(2)
H(17A)	816(1)	124(1)	885(1)	19(2)
H(17B)	634(2)	204(1)	890(1)	28(3)
H(17C)	956(7)	153(4)	830(2)	24
H(18A)	824(2)	359(1)	867(1)	38(3)
H(18B)	951(2)	290(1)	835(1)	35(3)
H(20A)	700(2)	887(1)	565(1)	39(3)
H(20B)	679(2)	924(1)	497(1)	32(3)
H(20C)	873(2)	882(1)	525(1)	33(3)

Table 5. Hydrogen coordinates ($x \ 10^3$) and isotropic displacement parameters (Å²x 10³) for gms01 (CCDC 936539).

Crystal Structure Analysis of:

Compound 29



By Lawrence Henling Email: xray@caltech.edu 110 Beckman Institute

626-395-2735

Table 1. Crystal Data Figures Minimum overlap Table 2. Atomic coordinates Table 3. Bond Lengths Table 4. Anisotropic displacement parameters Table 5. Hydrogen coordinates

Table 1. Crystal Data and Structure Analysis Details for gms02(CCDC 936540).

Empirical formula	C18 H22 O4
Formula weight	302.36
Crystallization solvent	EtOAc in hexanes, vapor diffusion
Crystal shape	twig
Crystal color	colourless
Crystal size	0.10 x 0.12 x 0.41 mm

Data Collection

Preliminary photograph(s)	rotation
Type of diffractometer	Bruker APEX-II CCD
Wavelength	0.71073 Å MoK
Data collection temperature	100 K
Theta range for 7790 reflections used in lattice determination	2.59 to 32.49°

Unit cell dimensions	a = 7.1115(3) Å b = 8.2413(4) Å c = 26.0740(11) Å	$ \begin{aligned} \alpha &= 90^{\circ} \\ \beta &= 90^{\circ} \\ \gamma &= 90^{\circ} \end{aligned} $
Volume	1528.15(12) Å ³	
Z	4	
Crystal system	orthorhombic	
Space group	P 21 21 21 (# 19)	
Density (calculated)	1.314 g/cm ³	
F(000)	648	
Theta range for data collection	2.6 to 35.2°	
Completeness to theta = 25.00°	99.9%	
Index ranges	$-11 \le h \le 11, -12 \le k \le 13, -41$	$\leq l \leq 40$
Data collection scan type	and scans	
Reflections collected	31815	
Independent reflections	6394 [R _{int} = 0.0468]	
Reflections > $2\sigma(I)$	5522	
Average $\sigma(I)/(net I)$	0.0412	
Absorption coefficient	0.09 mm ⁻¹	
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from equivalen	ts
Max. and min. transmission	1.0000 and 0.9211	

Structure Solution and Refinement

Primary solution method	dual
Secondary solution method	difmap
Hydrogen placement	geom
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F ²
Data / restraints / parameters	6394 / 0 / 287
Treatment of hydrogen atoms	refall
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	2.07
Final R indices [I> $2\sigma(I)$, 5522 reflections]	R1 = 0.0487, wR2 = 0.0732
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0605, wR2 = 0.0743
Type of weighting scheme used	calc
Weighting scheme used	calc w=1/[^2^(Fo^2^)]
Max shift/error	0.000
Average shift/error	0.000
Absolute structure parameter	-0.3(6)

Largest diff. peak and hole

0.58 and -0.43 e·Å⁻³

Cell refinement Data collection Data reduction Structure solution Structure refinement Graphics Programs Used SAINT V8.18C (Bruker-AXS, 2007) APEX2 2012.2-0 (Bruker-AXS, 2007) SAINT V8.18C (Bruker-AXS, 2007) SHELXS-97 (Sheldrick, 1990) SHELXL-97 (Sheldrick, 1997) DIAMOND 3 (Crystal Impact, 1999)

References

Special Refinement Details



Table 2. Atomic coordinates $(x \ 10^4)$ and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(\mathring{A}^2x \ 10^3)$ for gms02. U(eq) is defined as one third of the trace of the orthogonalized U^{ij} tensor.

	х	У	Z	U_{eq}
O(1)	-365(1)	2950(1)	2424(1)	28(1)
O(2)	7542(1)	7642(1)	739(1)	26(1)
O(3)	3248(1)	-828(1)	1427(1)	18(1)
O(4)	1373(1)	1338(1)	1248(1)	15(1)
C(1)	2577(2)	1570(2)	2263(1)	18(1)
C(2)	1144(2)	2908(1)	2214(1)	18(1)
C(3)	1911(2)	4222(1)	1862(1)	16(1)
C(4)	3906(2)	3663(1)	1723(1)	13(1)
C(5)	4655(2)	4220(1)	1202(1)	12(1)
C(6)	5879(2)	5721(1)	1246(1)	15(1)
C(7)	6164(2)	6755(1)	774(1)	17(1)
C(8)	4721(2)	6701(1)	376(1)	18(1)
C(9)	3452(2)	5512(1)	362(1)	16(1)
C(10)	3395(2)	4159(1)	729(1)	13(1)
C(11)	5064(2)	2981(1)	785(1)	14(1)
C(12)	4527(2)	1216(1)	878(1)	15(1)
C(13)	3276(2)	886(1)	1340(1)	13(1)
C(14)	3958(2)	1788(1)	1819(1)	14(1)
C(15)	5948(2)	1242(2)	1953(1)	22(1)
C(16)	6774(2)	3134(2)	446(1)	22(1)
C(17)	1398(2)	-1434(1)	1321(1)	20(1)
C(18)	449(2)	-72(2)	1041(1)	23(1)

O(1)-C(2)	1.2050(15)
O(2)-C(7)	1.2261(14)
O(3)-C(13)	1.4308(12)
O(3)-C(17)	1.4337(15)
O(4)-C(13)	1.4242(13)
O(4)-C(18)	1.4398(14)
C(1)-H(1A)	0.985(14)
C(1)-H(1B)	0.969(13)
C(1)- $C(2)$	1.5064(18)
C(1)-C(14)	1.5292(16)
C(2)-C(3)	1.5252(10) 1.5218(16)
$C(3) + H(3\Delta)$	0.053(13)
C(3)-H(3R)	0.933(13) 0.003(17)
$C(3) - \Pi(3D)$ C(3) C(4)	0.555(12) 1 5250(17)
C(3) - C(4)	1.3330(17)
C(4) - H(4)	0.945(12)
C(4) - C(5)	1.5308(15)
C(4)-C(14)	1.5656(15)
C(5)-C(6)	1.5172(15)
C(5)-C(10)	1.5236(15)
C(5)-C(11)	1.5193(15)
C(6)-H(6A)	0.960(13)
C(6)-H(6B)	0.969(12)
C(6)-C(7)	1.5110(15)
C(7)-C(8)	1.4590(17)
C(8)-H(8)	0.948(13)
C(8)-C(9)	1.3327(16)
C(9)-H(9)	0.952(12)
C(9)-C(10)	1.4691(15)
C(10)-H(10)	0.947(11)
C(10)-C(11)	1.5404(16)
C(11)-C(12)	1,5234(15)
C(11)-C(16)	1.5072(16)
C(12)-H(12A)	1.0372(10) 1.028(12)
C(12) - H(12R)	0.912(13)
C(12)-C(13)	152(15)
C(12) - C(13) C(13) - C(14)	1.5250(15) 1.5201(15)
C(13)-C(14) C(14) C(15)	1.3301(13) 1.5257(17)
C(14)-C(13) C(15) H(154)	1.3237(17)
C(15)-H(15A)	0.983(13)
C(15)-H(15B)	0.946(14)
С(15)-Н(15С)	0.924(14)
C(16)-H(16A)	0.964(15)
C(16)-H(16B)	0.996(13)
C(16)-H(16C)	0.992(14)
C(17)-H(17A)	0.977(14)
C(17)-H(17B)	0.914(13)
C(17)-C(18)	1.4996(17)
C(18)-H(18A)	1.091(14)
C(18)-H(18B)	0.995(13)
C(13)-O(3)-C(17)	109.04(9)
C(13)-O(4)-C(18)	106.63(8)

Table 3. Bond lengths [Å] and angles [°] for gms02 (CCDC 936540).

H(1A)-C(1)-H(1B)	107.8(11)
C(2)-C(1)-H(1A)	113.7(8)
C(2)-C(1)-H(1B)	107 2(8)
C(2) C(1) C(14)	106 59(9)
C(14) C(1) H(14)	100.57(7) 112 7(8)
$C(14)-C(1)-\Pi(1A)$	115.7(6)
C(14)-C(1)-H(1B)	107.5(8)
O(1)-C(2)-C(1)	125.82(11)
O(1)-C(2)-C(3)	124.99(11)
C(1)-C(2)-C(3)	109.18(10)
C(2)-C(3)-H(3A)	108.3(8)
C(2)-C(3)-H(3B)	107.2(7)
C(2)-C(3)-C(4)	105.09(9)
H(3A)-C(3)-H(3B)	108.9(10)
C(4)-C(3)-H(3A)	114 0(8)
C(4)-C(3)-H(3R)	113.0(7)
C(3) C(4) H(4)	107.7(7)
$C(3) - C(4) - \Pi(4)$	107.7(7)
C(3)-C(4)-C(14)	106.28(9)
C(5)-C(4)-C(3)	116.14(9)
C(5)-C(4)-H(4)	107.0(7)
C(5)-C(4)-C(14)	115.42(9)
C(14)-C(4)-H(4)	103.3(7)
C(6)-C(5)-C(4)	112.11(9)
C(6)-C(5)-C(10)	115.20(9)
C(6)-C(5)-C(11)	119.51(9)
C(10)-C(5)-C(4)	120.25(10)
C(11)-C(5)-C(4)	120.03(9)
C(11) - C(5) - C(10)	60.83(7)
C(5) - C(6) - H(6A)	109.1(7)
C(5) - C(6) + H(6R)	109.1(7) 110.8(7)
U(GA) C(G) U(GD)	110.0(7)
H(0A)-C(0)-H(0B)	103.9(11)
C(7)-C(6)-C(5)	118.33(9)
C(7)-C(6)-H(6A)	103.3(7)
C(7)-C(6)-H(6B)	108.5(7)
O(2)-C(7)-C(6)	120.23(10)
O(2)-C(7)-C(8)	121.89(10)
C(8)-C(7)-C(6)	117.84(10)
C(7)-C(8)-H(8)	119.9(8)
C(9)-C(8)-C(7)	121.22(10)
C(9)-C(8)-H(8)	118.8(8)
C(8)-C(9)-H(9)	118 7(7)
C(8)-C(9)-C(10)	123.95(11)
C(10) C(0) H(0)	123.33(11) 117.4(7)
$C(10)-C(9)-\Pi(9)$	117.4(7) 115.5(7)
C(5) - C(10) - H(10)	113.3(7)
C(5)-C(10)-C(11)	59.45(7)
C(9)-C(10)-C(5)	119.03(9)
C(9)-C(10)-H(10)	117.4(7)
C(9)-C(10)-C(11)	121.20(10)
C(11)-C(10)-H(10)	111.5(7)
C(5)-C(11)-C(10)	59.72(7)
C(5)-C(11)-C(12)	118.65(9)
C(12)-C(11)-C(10)	115.04(9)
C(16)-C(11)-C(5)	121.14(10)
C(16)-C(11)-C(10)	120 93(10)
C(16) - C(11) - C(12)	112 05(0)
$C(10)^{-}C(11)^{-}C(12)$	112.05(9)

111.4(6)
110.3(7)
104.2(10)
116.32(9)
108.8(7)
105.0(8)
108.01(8)
110.83(8)
105.77(9)
111.94(9)
108.20(9)
111.93(9)
102.77(9)
110.90(9)
110.01(8)
112.77(9)
110.44(10)
109.77(10)
110.4(9)
110.9(8)
109.9(8)
105.0(11)
112.3(12)
108.3(12)
109.6(9)
113.4(8)
110.2(8)
109.9(11)
107.6(12)
105.9(11)
108.5(8)
108.1(9)
104.24(9)
107.1(11)
111.5(8)
117.1(8)
102.49(9)
108.0(7)
105.7(7)
110.9(7)
114.8(7)
113.9(11)

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

			L133	L1 ²³	U ¹³	U ¹²
	U	U	U	U	0	U
O(1)	274(5)	247(5)	311(5)	-47(4)	129(4)	-48(4)
O(2)	302(5)	242(5)	246(4)	16(4)	15(4)	-133(4)
O(3)	191(4)	98(4)	262(4)	37(3)	-11(4)	-6(3)
O(4)	145(4)	97(3)	209(4)	-18(3)	-36(3)	-10(3)
C(1)	244(7)	170(6)	141(5)	20(4)	8(5)	-40(5)
C(2)	231(6)	183(6)	137(5)	-48(4)	19(5)	-57(5)
C(3)	189(6)	126(5)	154(5)	-29(4)	23(4)	-12(5)
C(4)	155(5)	128(5)	107(4)	0(4)	-13(4)	-30(4)
C(5)	141(5)	111(5)	120(5)	-9(4)	-10(4)	-15(4)
C(6)	167(6)	149(5)	146(5)	-6(4)	-9(5)	-34(5)
C(7)	221(6)	110(5)	170(5)	-17(4)	41(5)	-26(4)
C(8)	271(7)	128(5)	147(5)	23(4)	21(5)	0(5)
C(9)	207(6)	151(5)	120(5)	-10(4)	-24(5)	16(5)
C(10)	148(5)	117(5)	120(5)	-2(4)	-14(4)	-11(4)
C(11)	177(6)	110(5)	138(5)	-8(4)	20(4)	3(4)
C(12)	182(6)	104(5)	168(5)	-10(4)	13(4)	22(5)
C(13)	140(5)	88(5)	166(5)	12(4)	-13(4)	17(4)
C(14)	153(5)	134(5)	133(5)	31(4)	-19(4)	-12(4)
C(15)	200(6)	231(6)	219(6)	56(5)	-56(5)	0(5)
C(16)	257(7)	166(6)	236(6)	10(5)	102(6)	15(6)
C(17)	218(6)	123(5)	254(6)	-11(5)	23(5)	-33(5)
C(18)	220(6)	151(5)	315(7)	-34(5)	-47(6)	-59(5)

Table 4. Anisotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2x \ 10^4)$ for gms02 (CCDC 936540). The anisotropic displacement factor exponent takes the form: $-2\pi^2$ [$h^2 \ a^{*2}U^{11} + ... + 2 \ h \ k \ a^* \ b^* \ U^{12}$]

	Х	У	Z	U _{iso}
H(1A)	202(2)	48(2)	228(1)	28(4)
H(1B)	326(2)	176(2)	258(1)	22(3)
H(3A)	187(2)	523(2)	204(1)	24(4)
H(3B)	106(2)	428(1)	156(1)	13(3)
H(4)	473(2)	407(1)	198(1)	13(3)
H(6A)	532(2)	646(1)	149(1)	20(3)
H(6B)	710(2)	545(1)	139(1)	14(3)
H(8)	472(2)	748(2)	11(1)	23(4)
H(9)	254(2)	551(2)	10(1)	15(3)
H(10)	223(2)	362(1)	77(1)	3(3)
H(12A)	391(2)	71(1)	56(1)	18(3)
H(12B)	558(2)	60(1)	93(1)	18(3)
H(15A)	599(2)	6(2)	200(1)	31(4)
H(15B)	632(2)	167(2)	227(1)	25(4)
H(15C)	678(2)	160(2)	171(1)	25(4)
H(16A)	785(2)	270(2)	62(1)	35(4)
H(16B)	703(2)	427(2)	34(1)	25(4)
H(16C)	660(2)	250(2)	13(1)	31(4)
H(17A)	78(2)	-167(2)	165(1)	30(4)
H(17B)	152(2)	-240(2)	115(1)	23(3)
H(18A)	75(2)	-13(2)	63(1)	38(4)
H(18B)	-91(2)	7(1)	112(1)	19(3)

Table 5. Hydrogen coordinates ($x \ 10^3$) and isotropic displacement parameters (Å²x 10³) for gms02 (CCDC 936540).