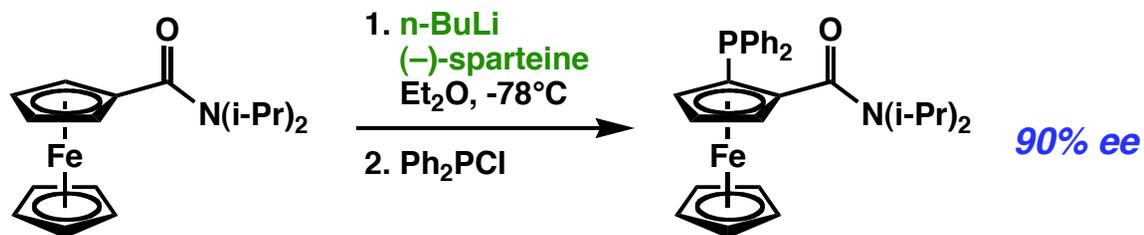
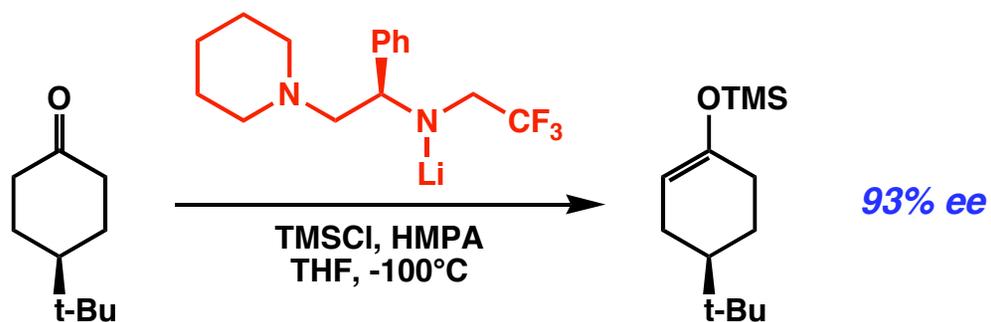


# *Asymmetric Deprotonation*

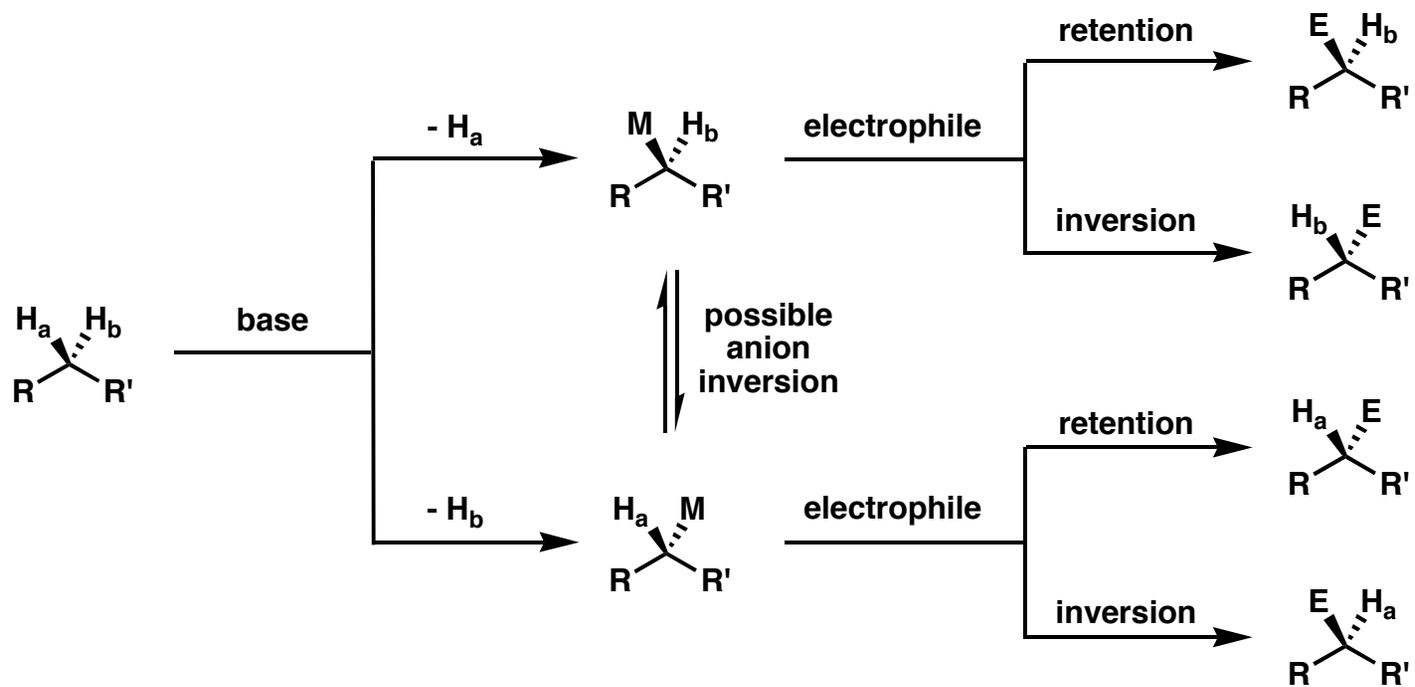
## *Ligands, Bases, and Applications*



*David Ebner*  
*Stoltz Group Literature Presentation*  
*March 28, 2005*

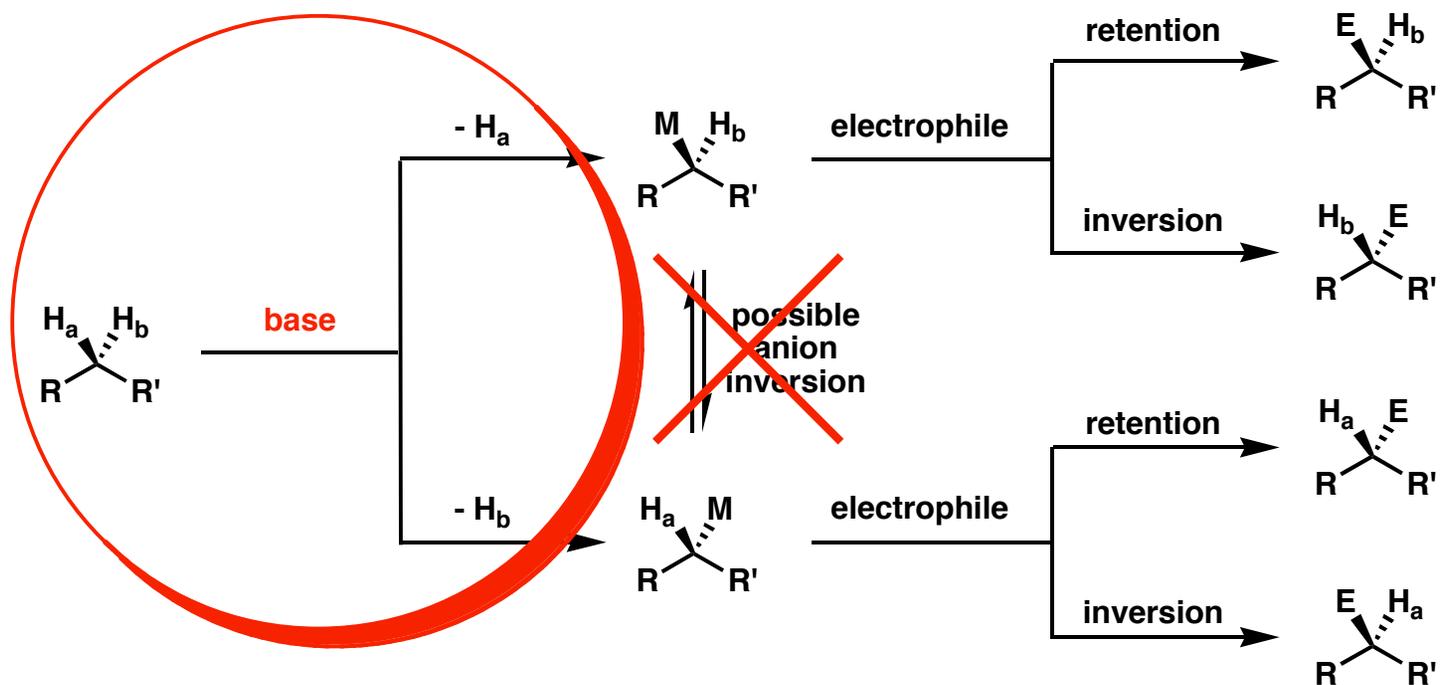
# *Enantioselective Deprotonation*

## *Reaction Pathways*



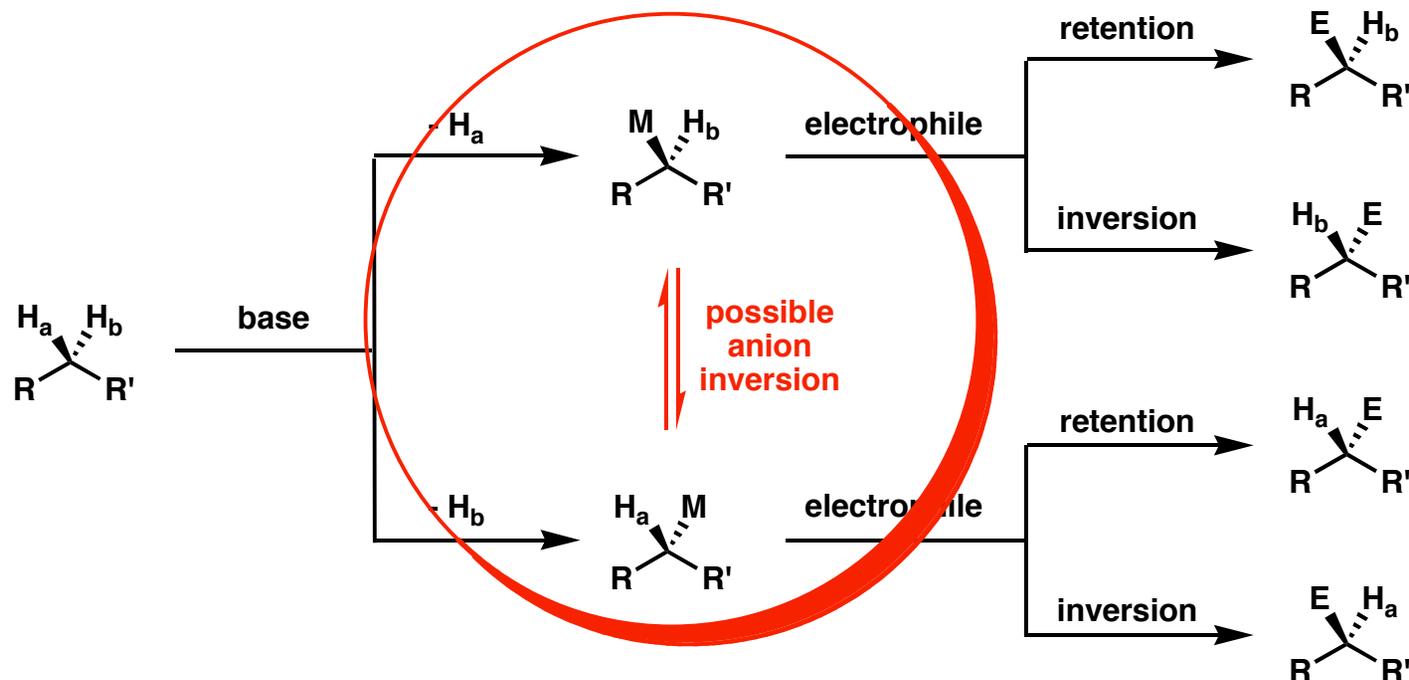
# Enantioselective Deprotonation

## Reaction Pathways



# Enantioselective Deprotonation

## What Will NOT Be Covered



### Great Chemistry Not Covered Today:

- Chiral Auxiliary-Directed Deprotonation
- Enantioselective Additions of Achiral Anions to Chiral or Homochiral Electrophiles
  - Aldols
  - Carbolithiations
  - Achiral Alkylolithium Additions to Electrophiles
- Enantioselective Reactions of Racemic or Equilibrating Anions
  - Deprotonation Adjacent to S, P, Se, Ph (usually)
  - Wittig Rearrangements

# Enantioselective Deprotonation

## Outline and Key Players

### I. meso-Ketone Deprotonations

### II. meso-Epoxyde Deprotonations

#### a. $\beta$ -Deprotonation

#### b. $\alpha$ -Deprotonation

### III. Deprotonation Adjacent to Heteroatoms

#### a. O: Alkyl and Allylic Systems

#### b. N: Alkyl, Benzylic, and Allylic Systems

### IV. Other Enantioselective Deprotonations

#### a. Elimination of HX

#### b. Aromatic Lithiation



K. Koga  
Tokyo  
Ketones



N. Simpkins  
Nottingham  
Ketones and Aromatics



M. Majewski  
Saskatchewan  
Ketones



D. Hodgson  
Oxford  
Epoxides



D. Hoppe  
Muenster  
Heteroatoms: O



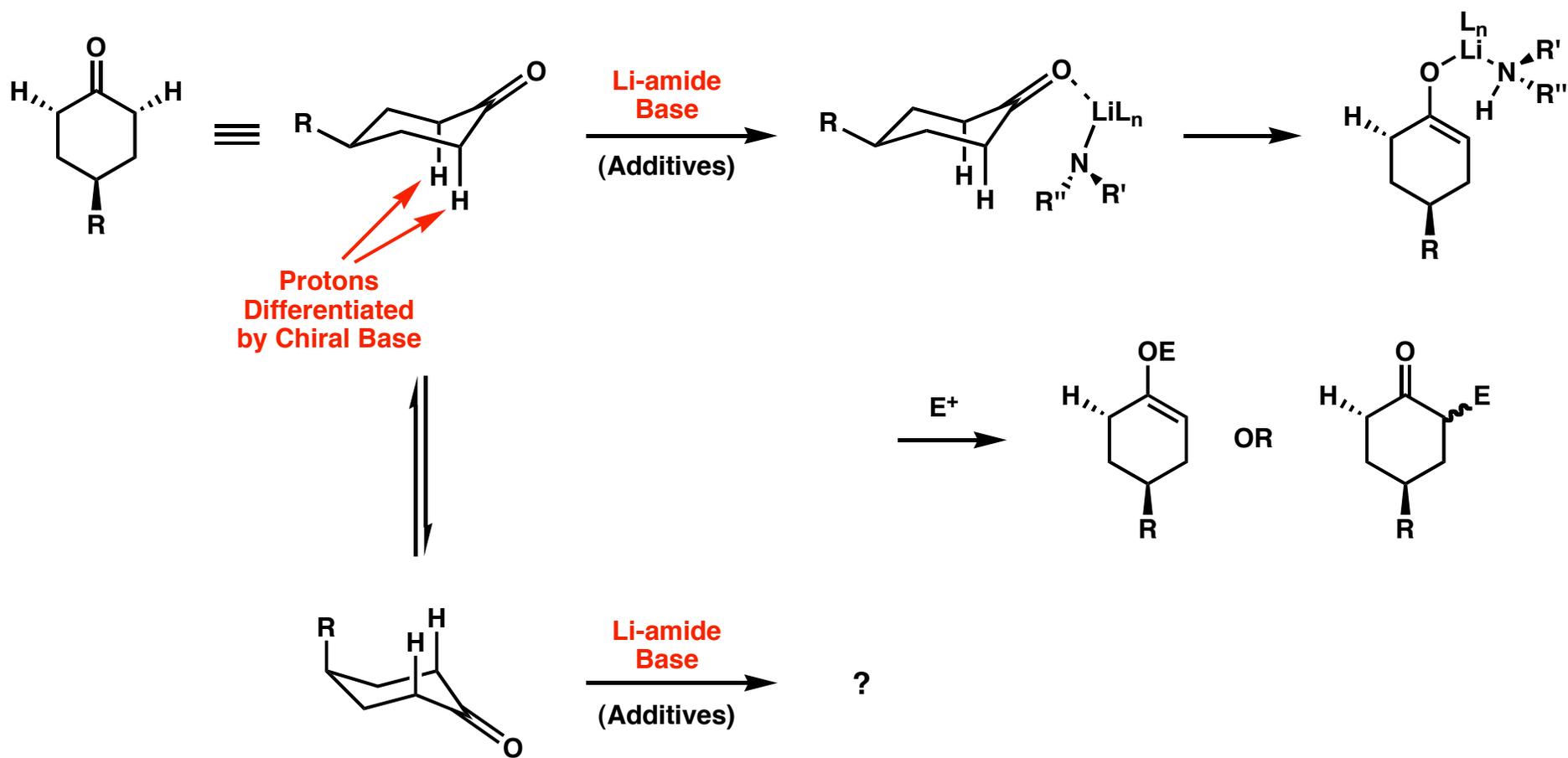
P. Beak  
Illinois, Urbana-Champaign  
Heteroatoms: N

#### General Reviews:

1. Majewski, "Enantioselective Deprotonation of Cyclic Ketones," in *Advances in Asymmetric Synthesis*, Vol. 3, pp 39-76, JAI Press, London: 1998.
2. Waldmann, "Enantioselective Deprotonation and Protonation," in *Organic Synthesis Highlights II*, H. Waldmann, ed. pp 19-28, VCH, Weinheim: 1995.
3. *Organolithiums in Enantioselective Synthesis*, D. Hodgson, ed. Springer, New York: 2003. (Whole book is good, especially pp 61-286.)
4. O'Brien, "Recent Advances in Asymmetric Synthesis Using Chiral Lithium Amide Bases," *J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 1*, **1998**, 1439-1457.
5. Hoppe and Hense, "Enantioselective Synthesis with Lithium/(-)-Sparteine Carbanion Pairs," *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl.* **1997**, *36*, 2282-2313.
6. Hodgson, Gibbs, and Lee, "Enantioselective Desymmetrisation of Achiral Epoxides," *Tetrahedron*, **1996**, *52* (46), 14361-14384.
7. Cox and Simpkins, "Asymmetric Synthesis Using Homochiral Lithium Amide Bases," *Tetrahedron: Asymmetry*, **1991**, *2* (1), 1-26.
8. Eames, "Recent Developments in Enantioselective Deprotonation Mediated by Sub-Stoichiometric Quantities of Chiral Bases," *Eur. J. Org. Chem.*, **2002**, 393-401.
9. Beak, Basu, Gallagher, Park and Thayumanavan, "Regioselective, Diastereoselective, and Enantioselective Lithiation-Substitution Sequences: Reaction Pathways and Synthetic Applications," *Acc. Chem. Res.* **1996**, *29*, 552-560.

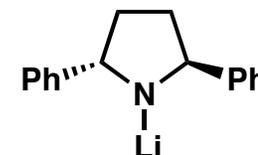
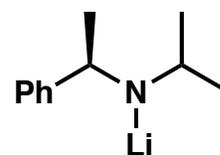
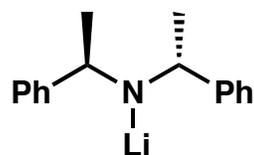
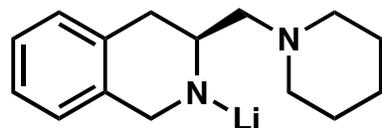
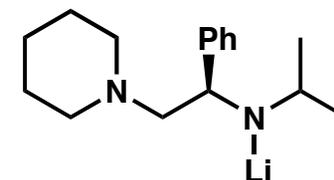
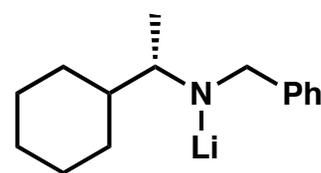
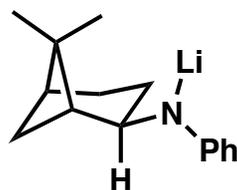
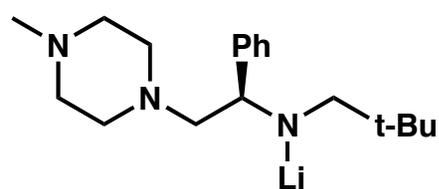
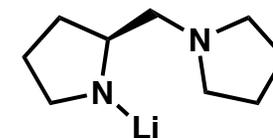
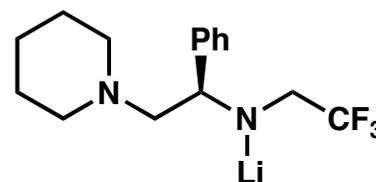
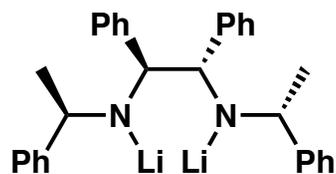
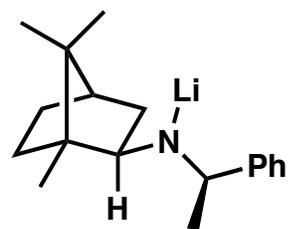
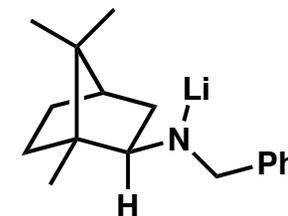
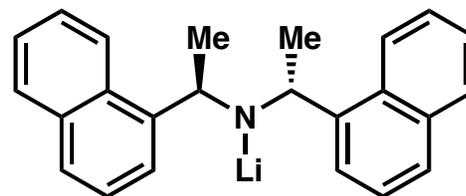
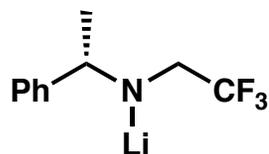
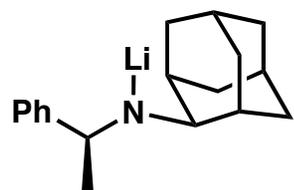
# Asymmetric Deprotonation of meso Cyclic Ketones

## General Considerations



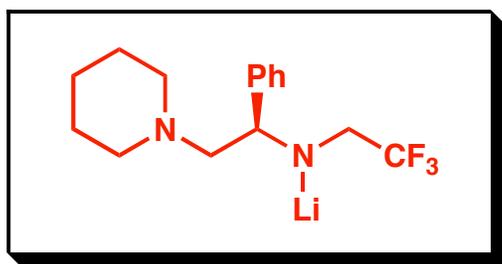
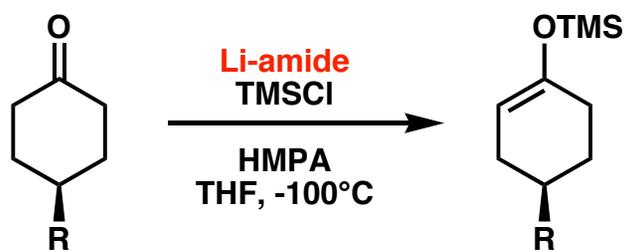
# Chiral Lithium Amides Used in Ketone Deprotonations

Only a Few of the Many!



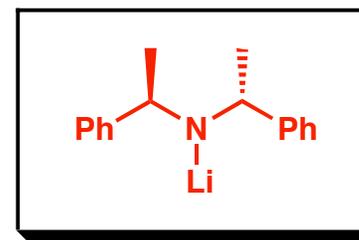
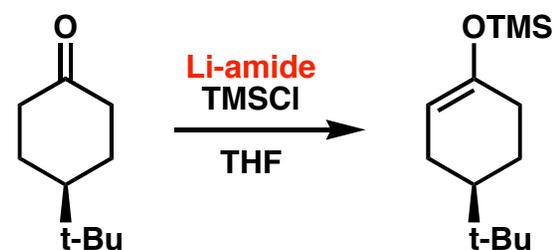
# Prochiral 4-Substituted Cyclohexanones

## Enantioselective Deprotonation of Simple Substrates



R	% Yield	% ee
Me	76	94
i-Pr	92	95
Ph	95	93
t-Bu	88	93

Koga, et. al. *Tetrahedron* **1997**, 53, 13641

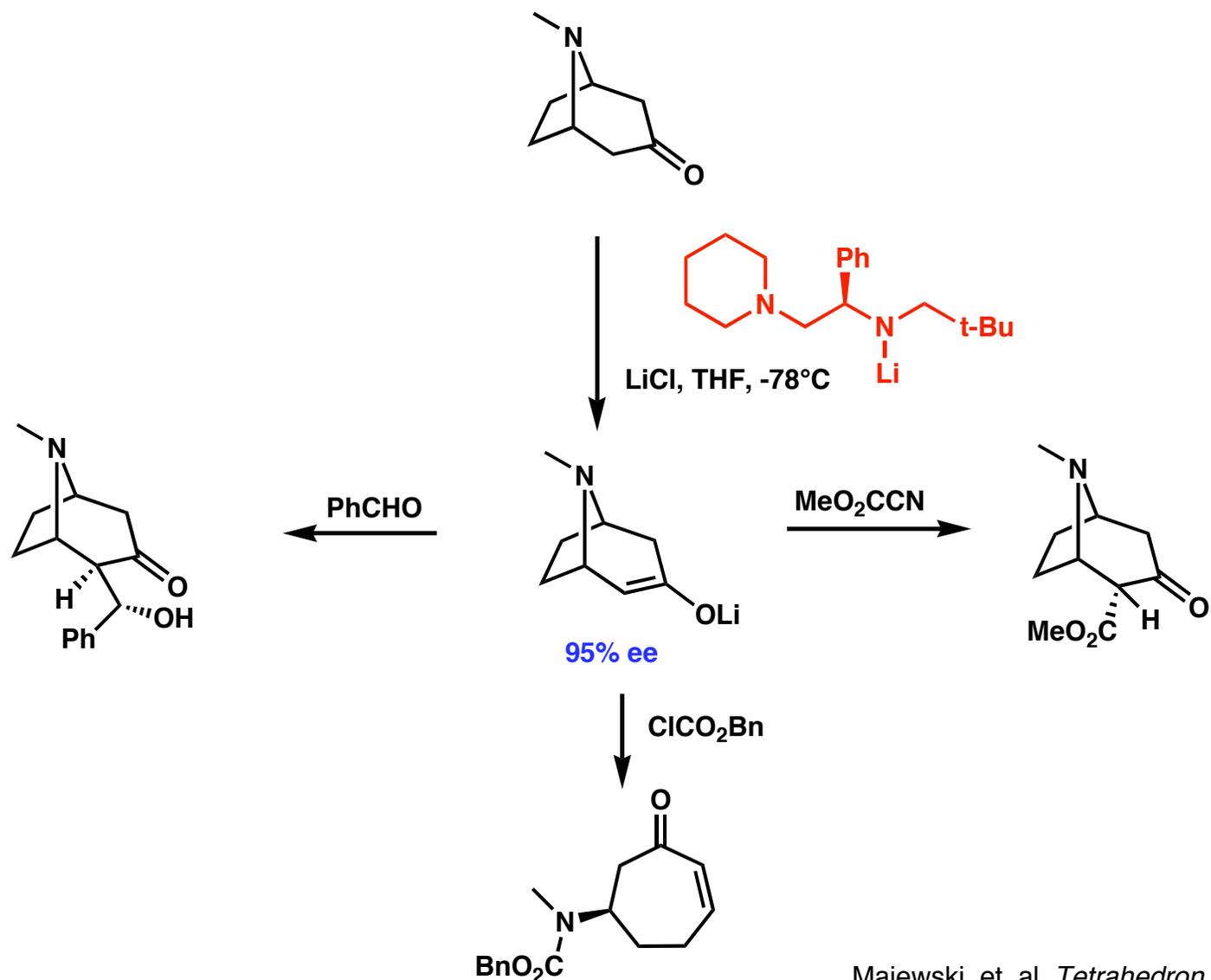


Temp (°C)	Quench	LiCl (equiv)	% ee
-78	Internal	0	69
-90	Internal	0	88
-78	External	0	23
-78	External	0.5	83

Simpkins, et. al. *J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 1* **1993**, 3113

# Tropinone Derivatives

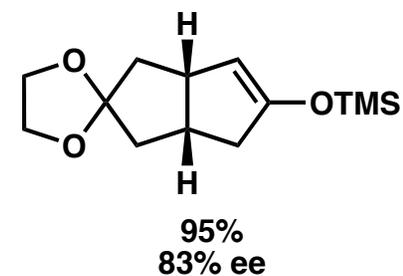
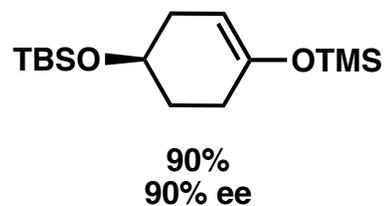
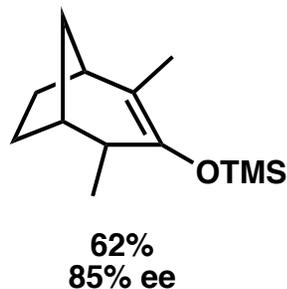
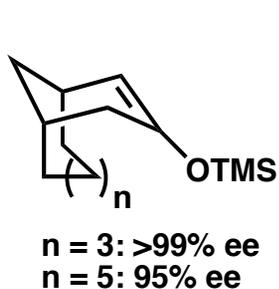
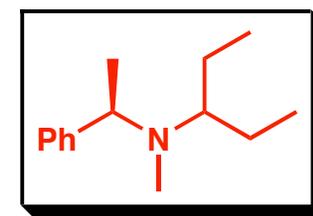
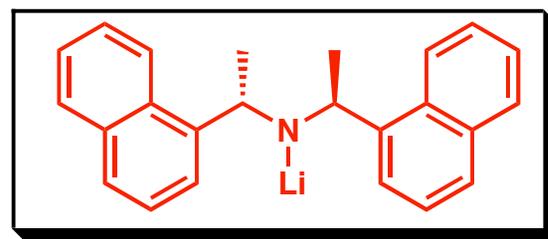
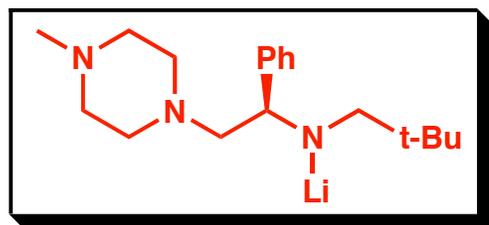
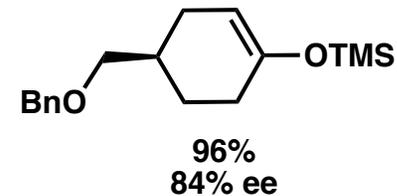
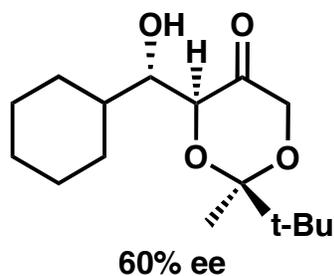
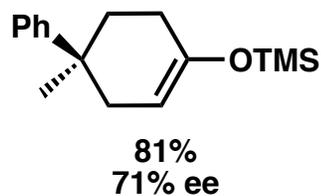
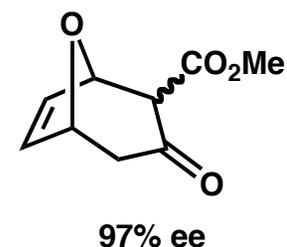
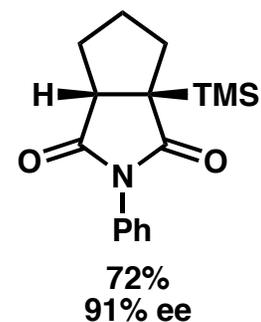
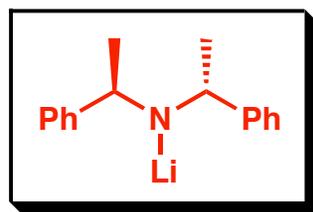
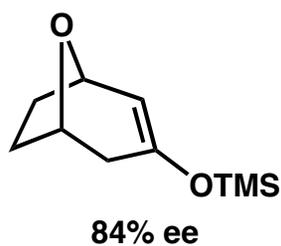
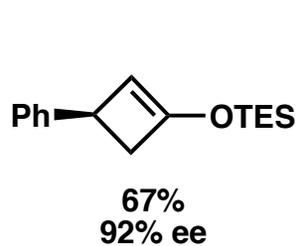
*Different Conditions and Electrophiles Lead to a Variety of Products*



Majewski, et. al. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1994**, 35, 3653  
*Tetrahedron Lett.* **1995**, 36, 5465

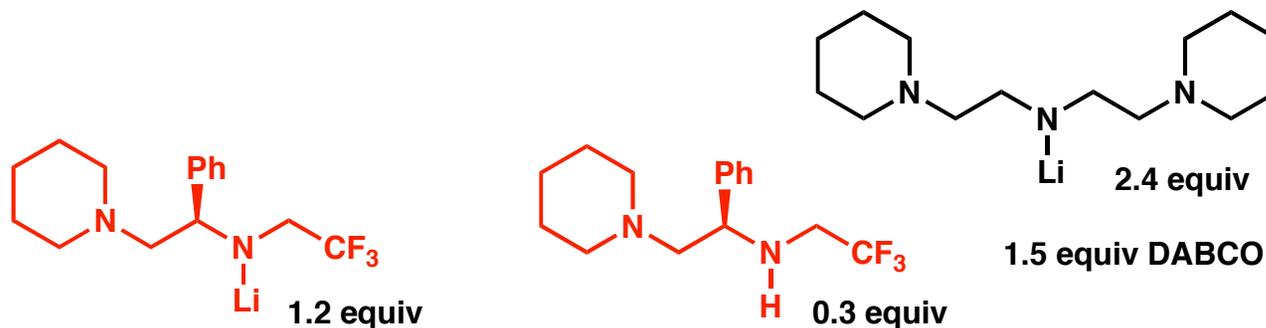
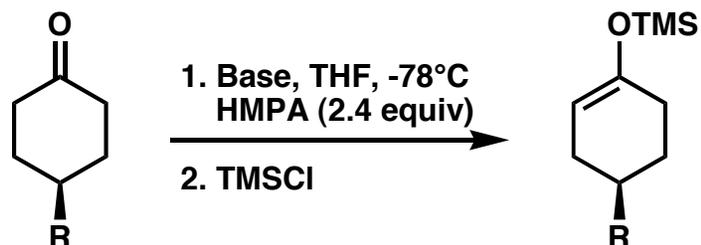
# Other Prochiral Cyclic Substrates

Similar Ligands Yield Good ee's with a Variety of Electrophiles



# Catalytic Asymmetric Ketone Deprotonations

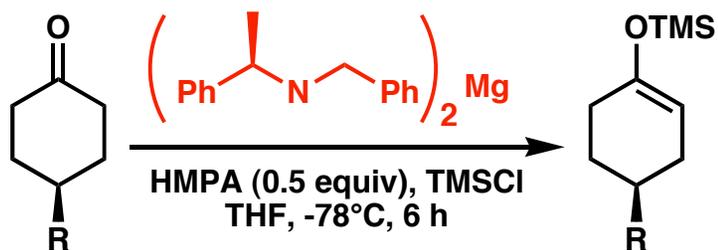
*Early Efforts Lead to Moderate Selectivity*



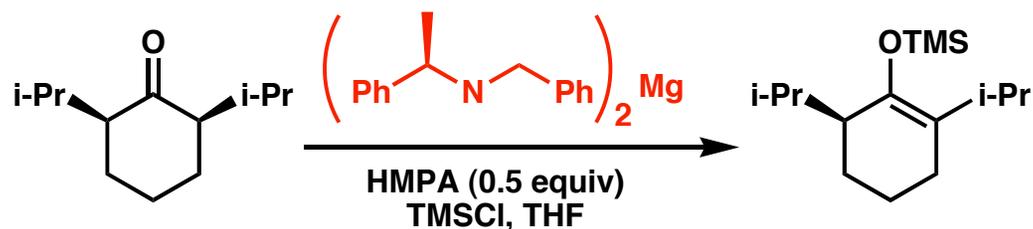
R	Stoichiometric, 1 h		Catalytic, 1.5 h	
	% Yield	% ee	% Yield	% ee
Me	82	78	70	75
i-Pr	75	79	80	76
Ph	77	80	77	76
t-Bu	85	81	83	79

# Chiral Magnesium Amides in Ketone Deprotonation

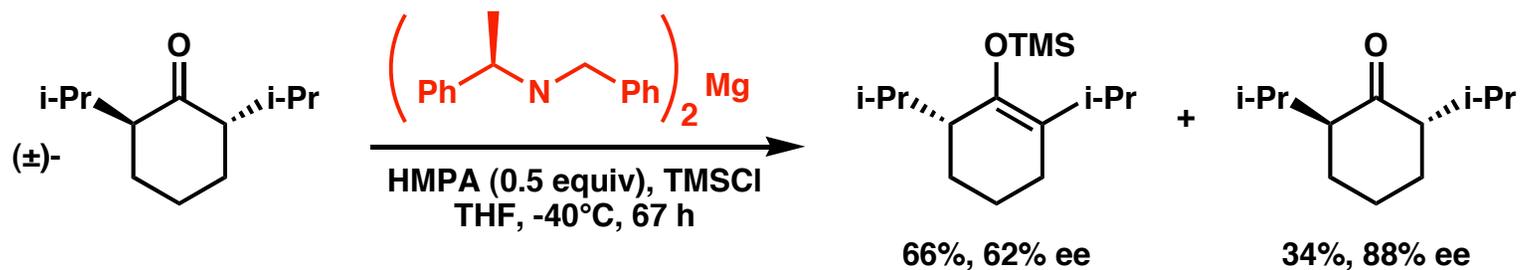
*Less Reactive Alternative to Lithium Amides*



R	% Conv.	% ee
Me	81	82
n-Pr	88	76
i-Pr	77	90
Ph	79	74
t-Bu	82	82

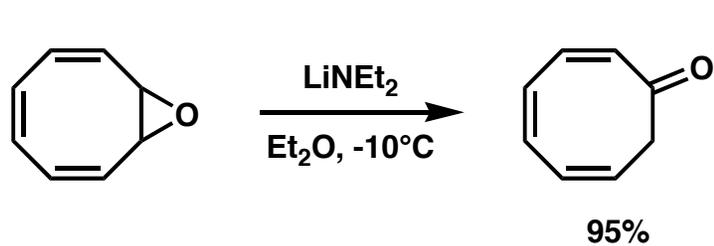


Temp ( $^\circ\text{C}$ )	Time (h)	% Conv.	% ee
-78	39	54	>99
-60	6	66	99.4
-40	6	99	98.8
rt	2	100	82

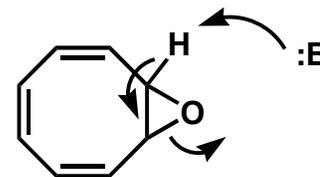


# Deprotonation of Epoxides

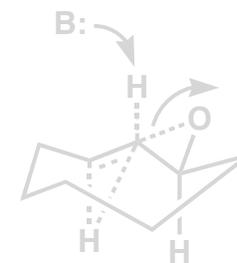
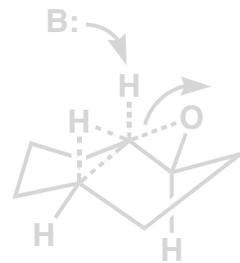
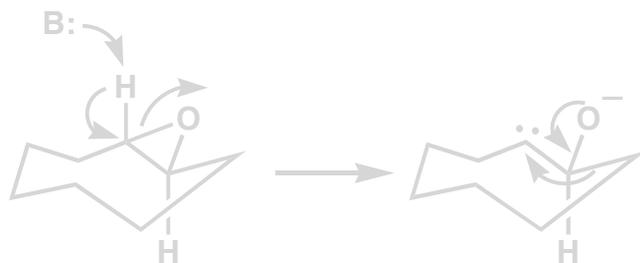
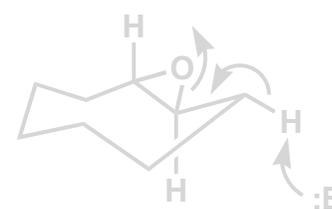
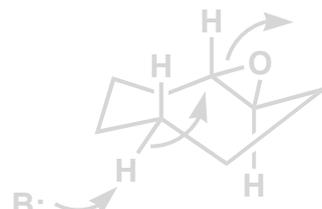
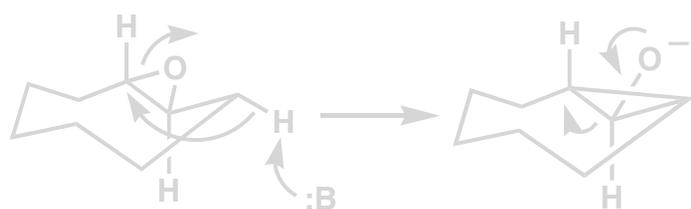
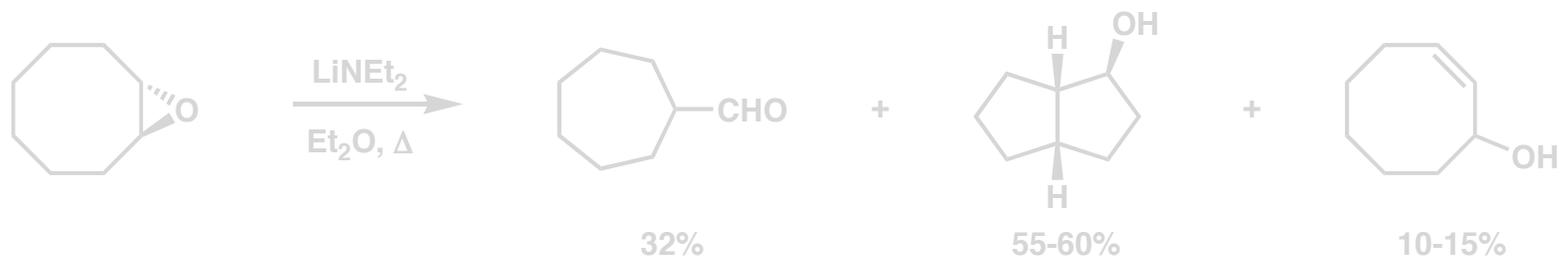
## Early Surprising Results



Proposed  
Mechanism:



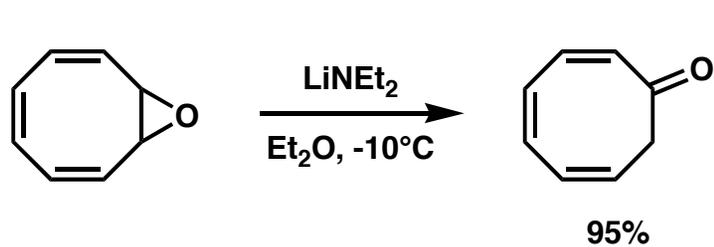
Cope and Tiffany, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1951**, 73, 4158



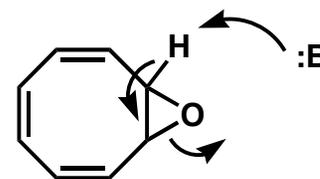
Cope, et. al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1958**, 80, 2849

# Deprotonation of Epoxides

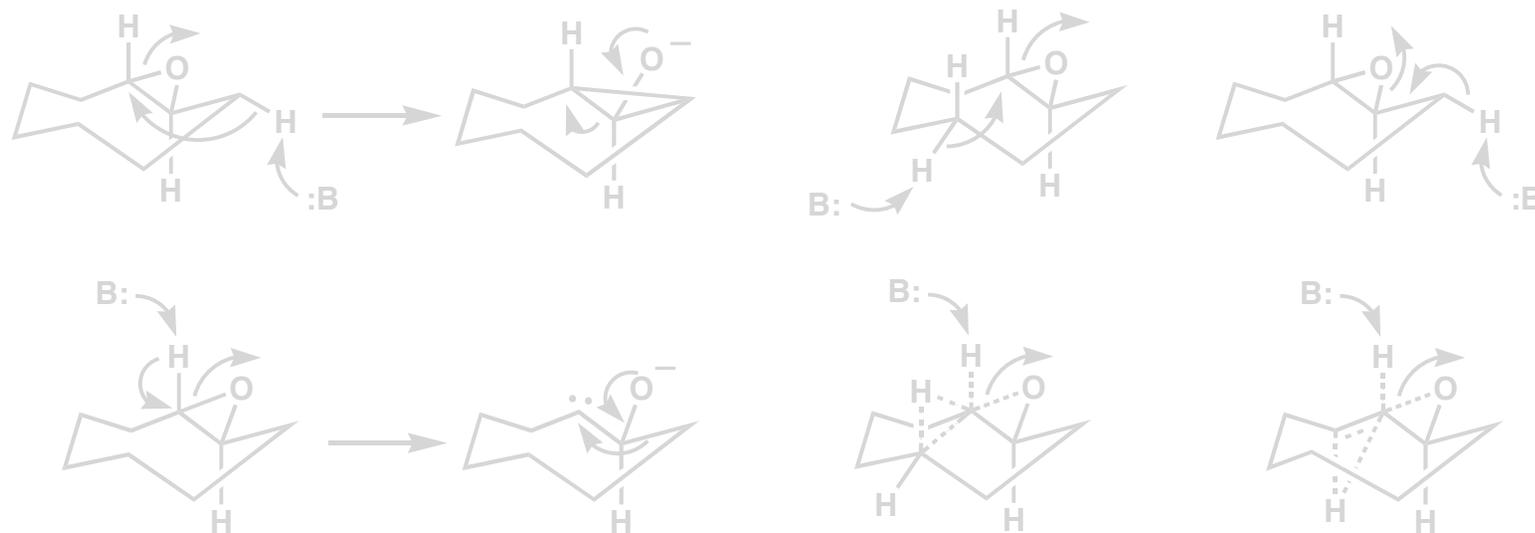
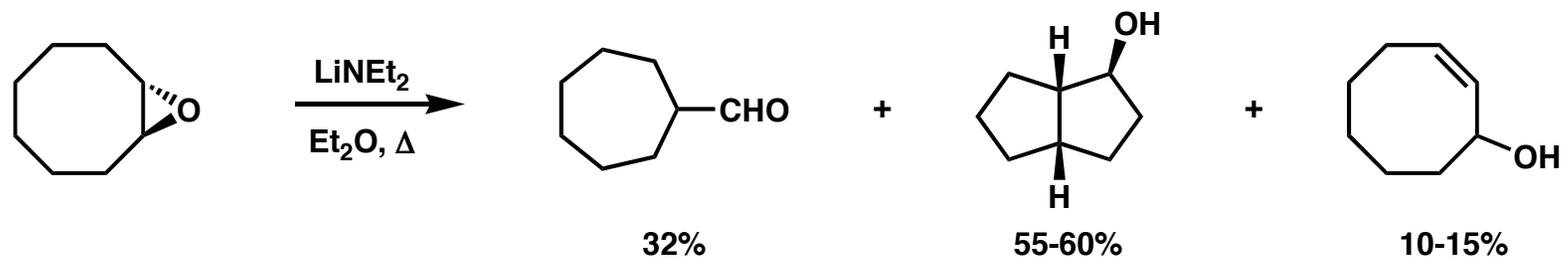
## Early Surprising Results



Proposed  
Mechanism:



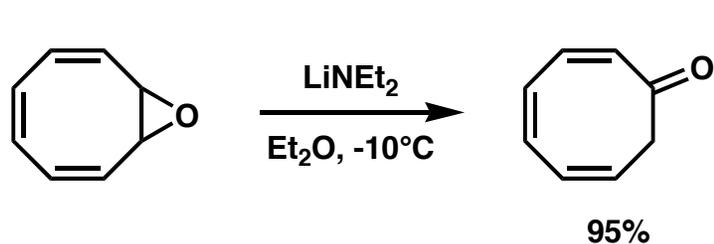
Cope and Tiffany, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1951**, 73, 4158



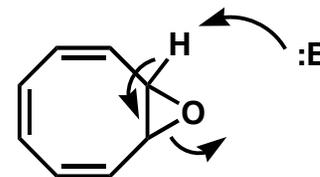
Cope, et. al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1958**, 80, 2849

# Deprotonation of Epoxides

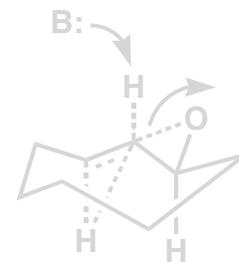
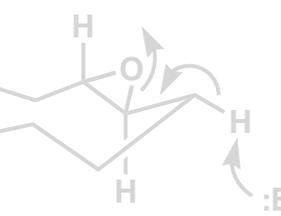
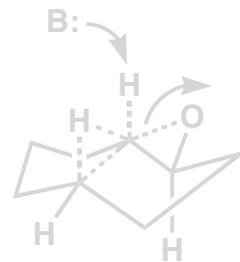
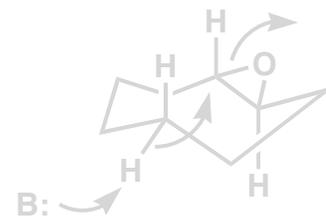
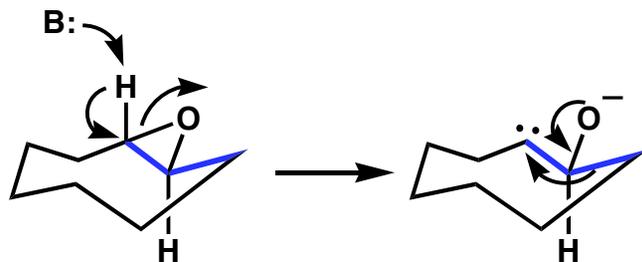
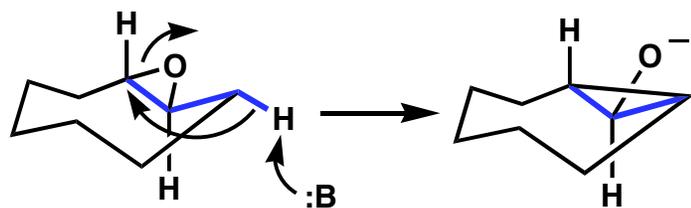
## Early Surprising Results



Proposed  
Mechanism:



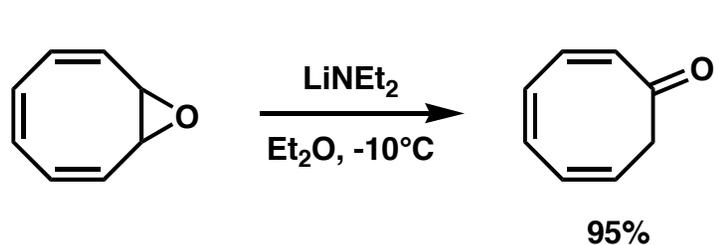
Cope and Tiffany, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1951**, 73, 4158



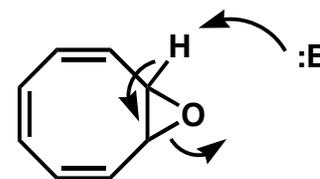
Cope, et. al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1958**, 80, 2849

# Deprotonation of Epoxides

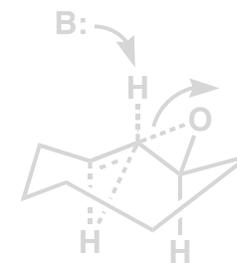
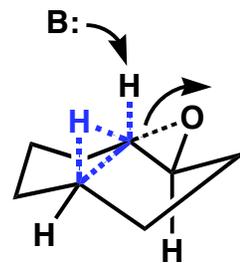
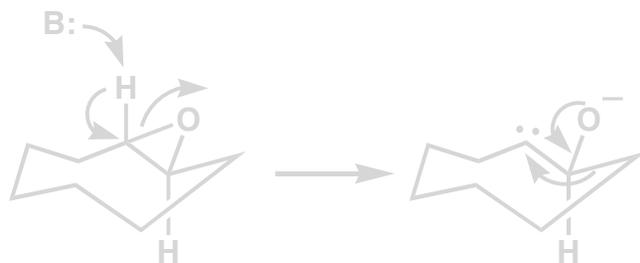
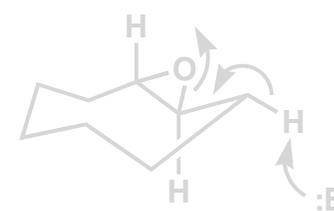
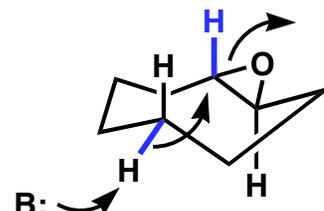
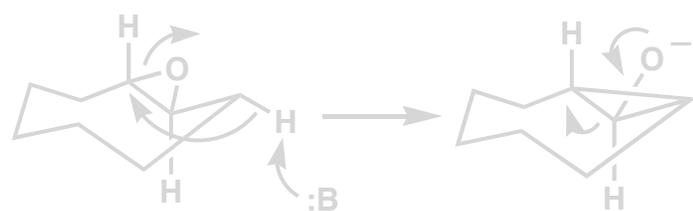
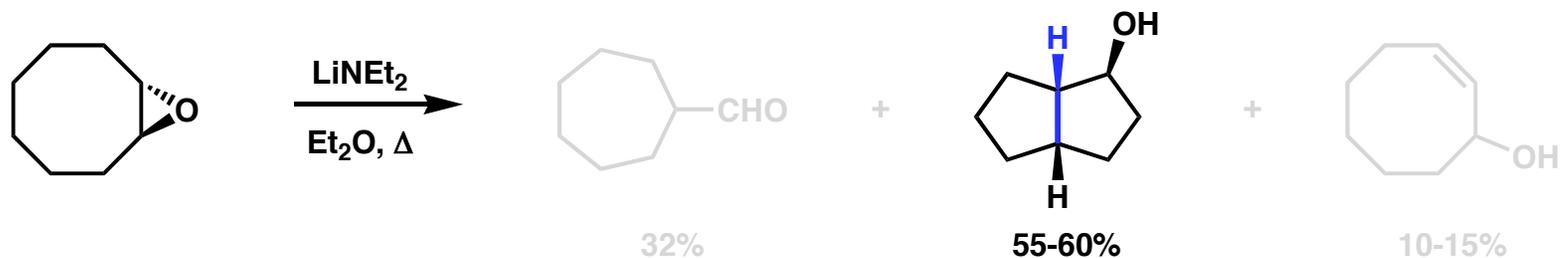
## Early Surprising Results



Proposed  
Mechanism:



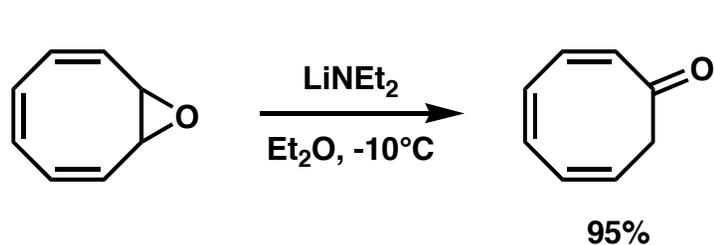
Cope and Tiffany, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1951**, 73, 4158



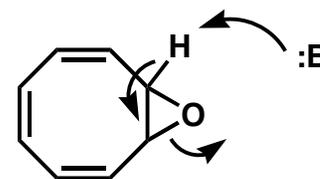
Cope, et. al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1958**, 80, 2849

# Deprotonation of Epoxides

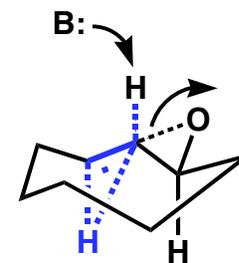
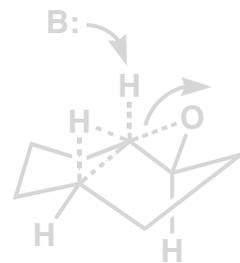
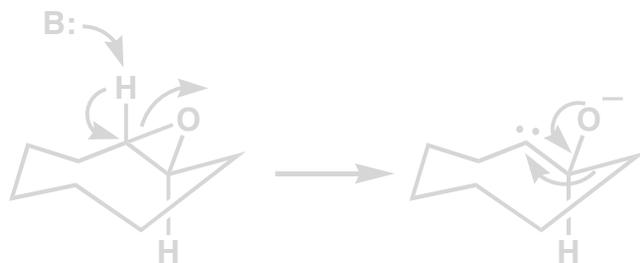
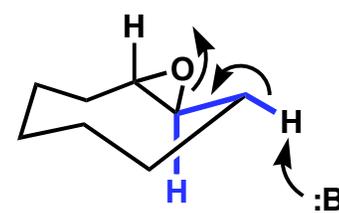
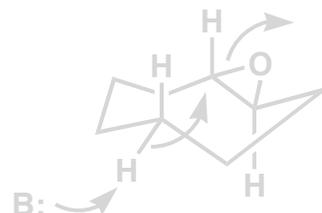
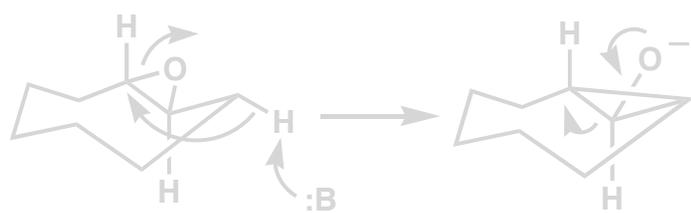
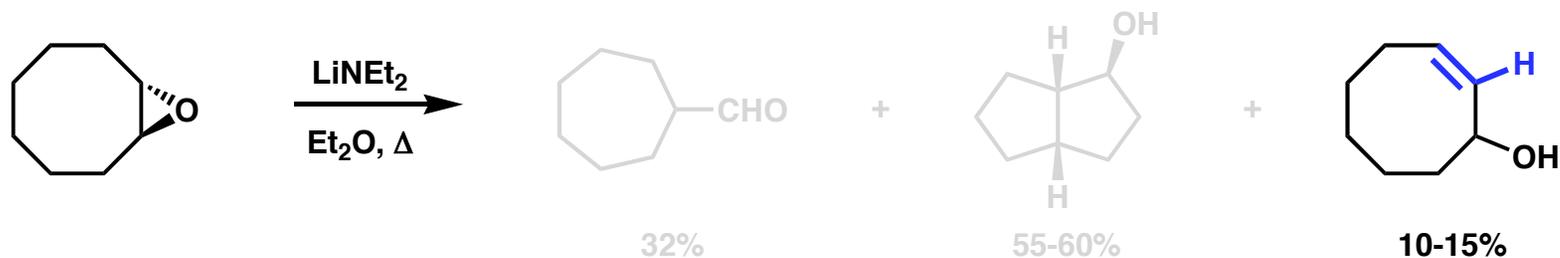
## Early Surprising Results



Proposed  
Mechanism:



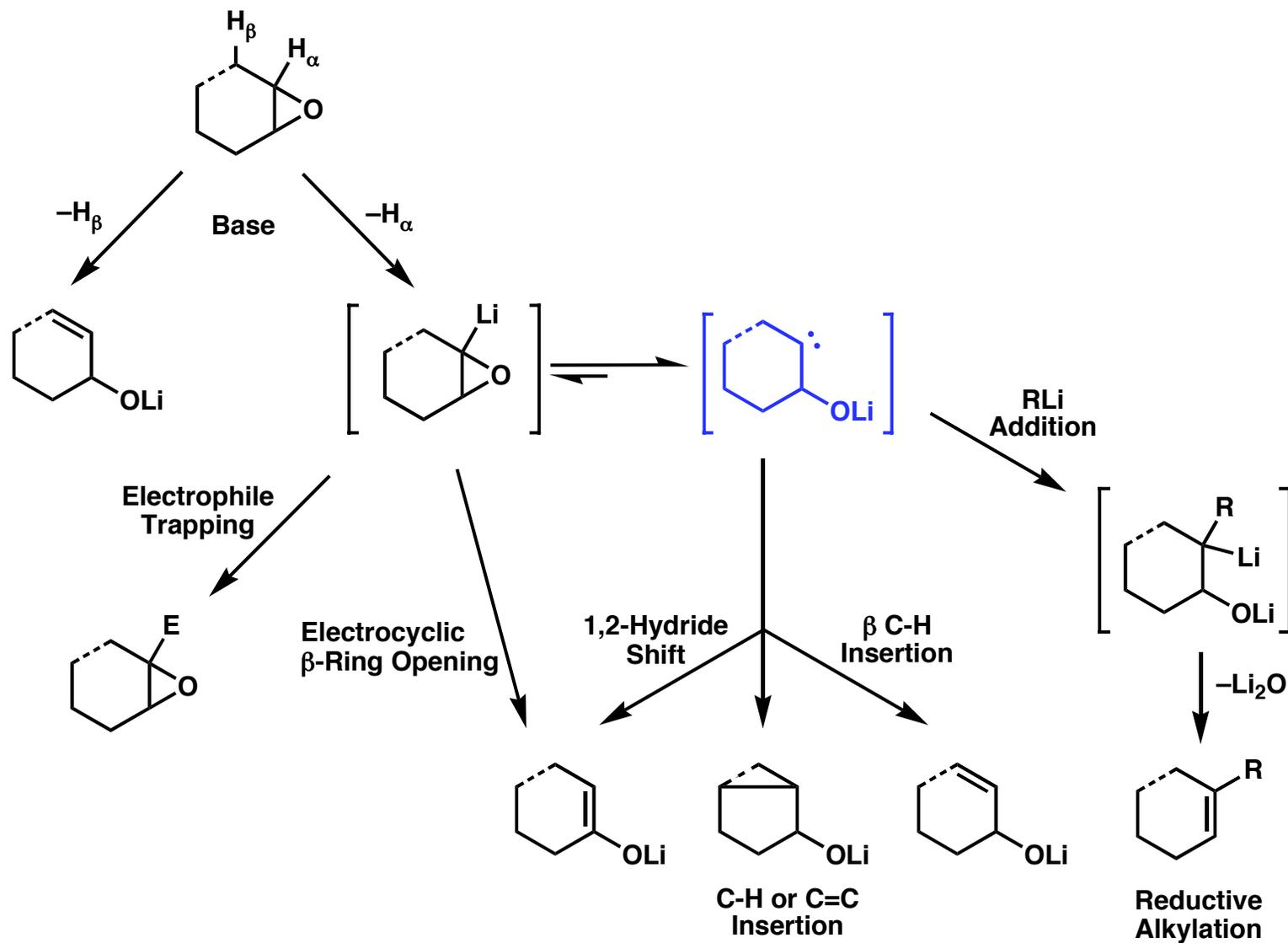
Cope and Tiffany, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1951**, 73, 4158



Cope, et. al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1958**, 80, 2849

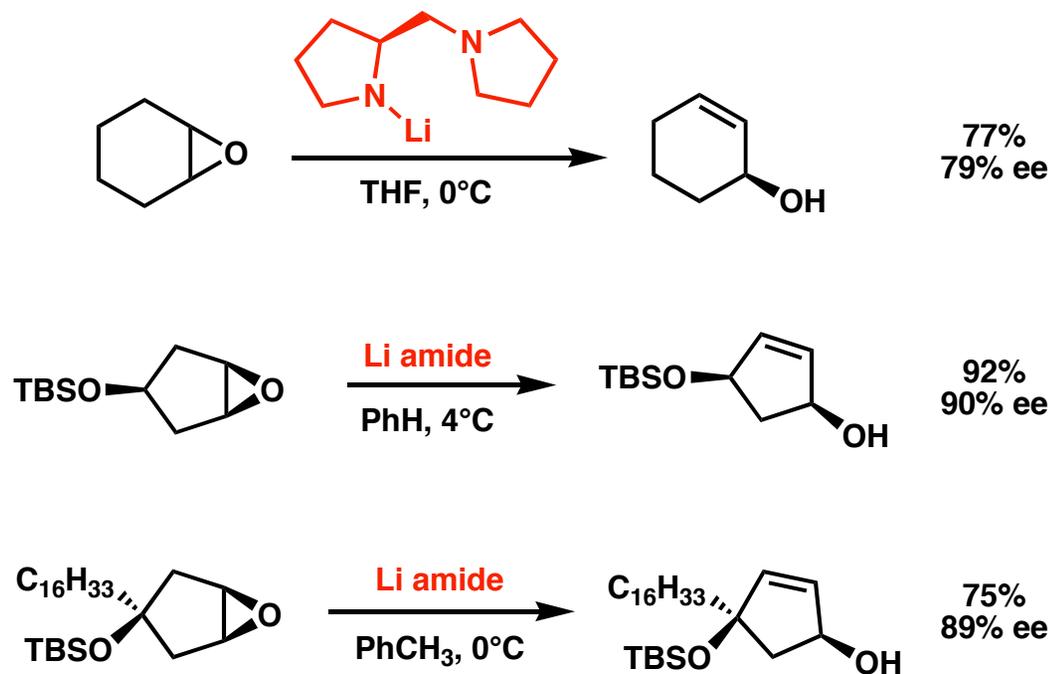
# Asymmetric Deprotonation of Epoxides

Can Reactivity Be Controlled?

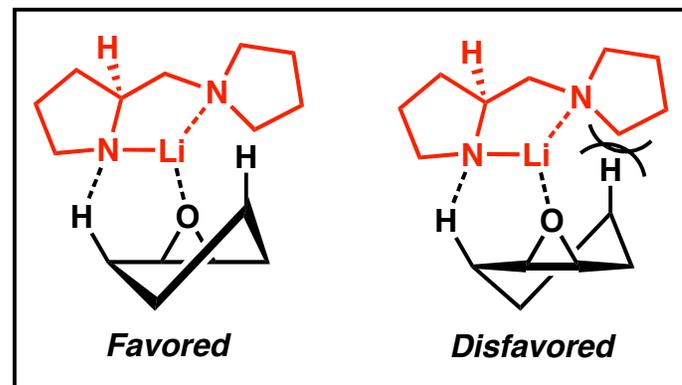


# Asymmetric $\beta$ -Deprotonation of Epoxides

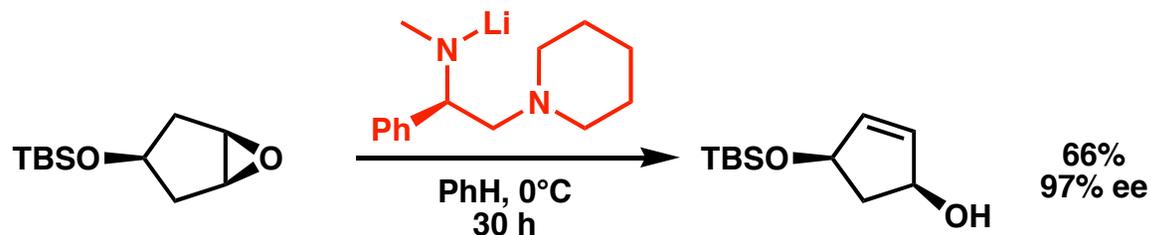
## Allylic Alcohols Using Lithium Aminoamide Bases



### Proposed Selectivity Model:



Asami, et. al. *Tetrahedron*, **1995**, 51, 11725



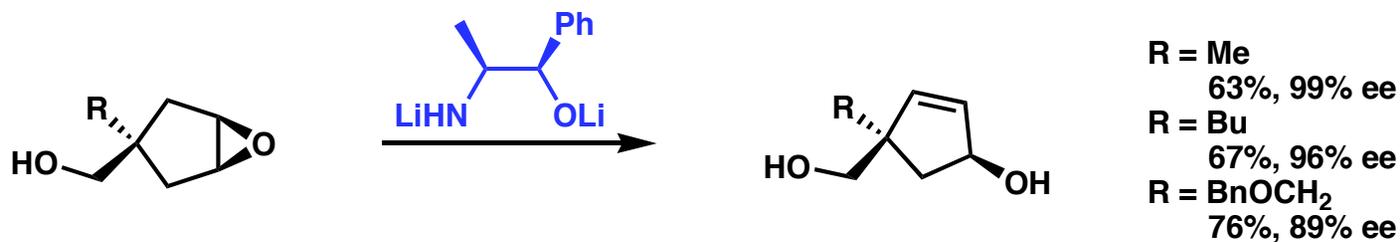
Singh, et. al. *J. Org. Chem.*, **1996**, 61, 6108

# Asymmetric $\beta$ -Deprotonation of Epoxides

Use of Commercially-Available Ephedrine-Based Aminoalcohols



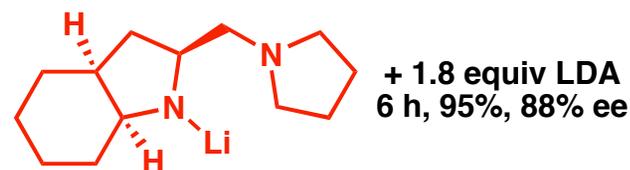
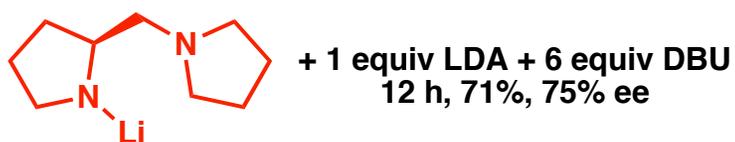
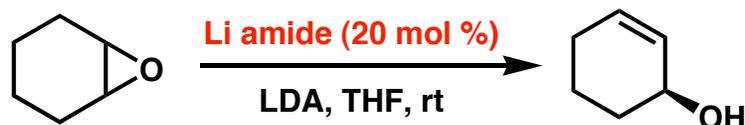
Murphy, et. al. *J. Chem. Soc., Chem. Commun.*, **1993**, 884



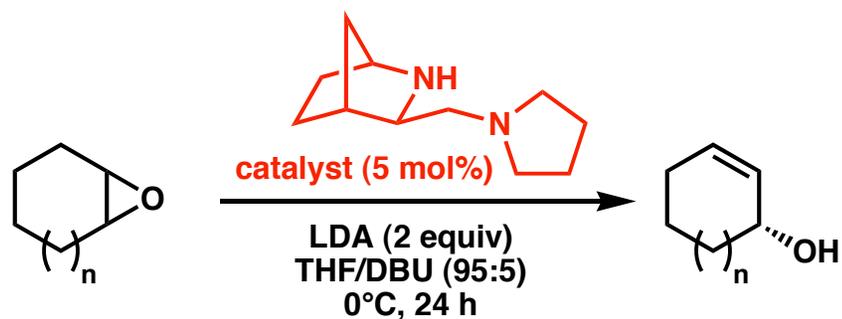
Hodgson, et. al. *Tetrahedron: Asymmetry*, **1996**, 7, 407

# Catalytic Asymmetric Examples

Recent Studies Allow Similar Levels of Selectivity

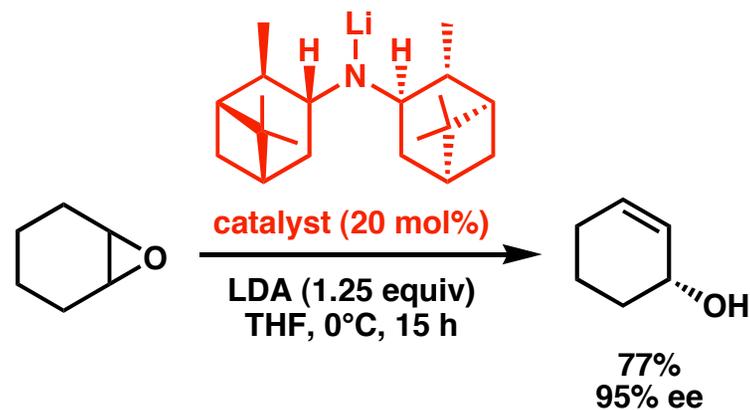


Asami, et. al. *Tetrahedron: Asymmetry* **1994**, 5, 793  
*Tetrahedron Lett.* **1997**, 38, 6425



$n = 1$   
91%, 96% ee  
 $n = 2$   
89%, 96% ee  
 $n = 3$   
81%, 78% ee

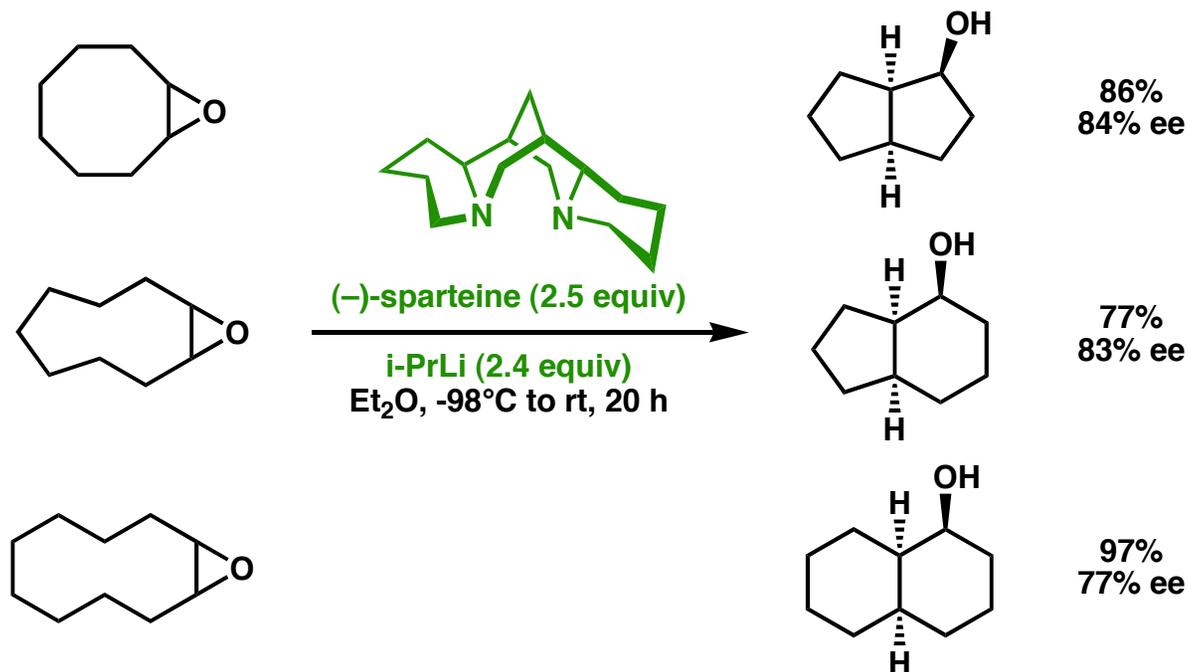
Andersson, et. al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **1998**, 120, 10760



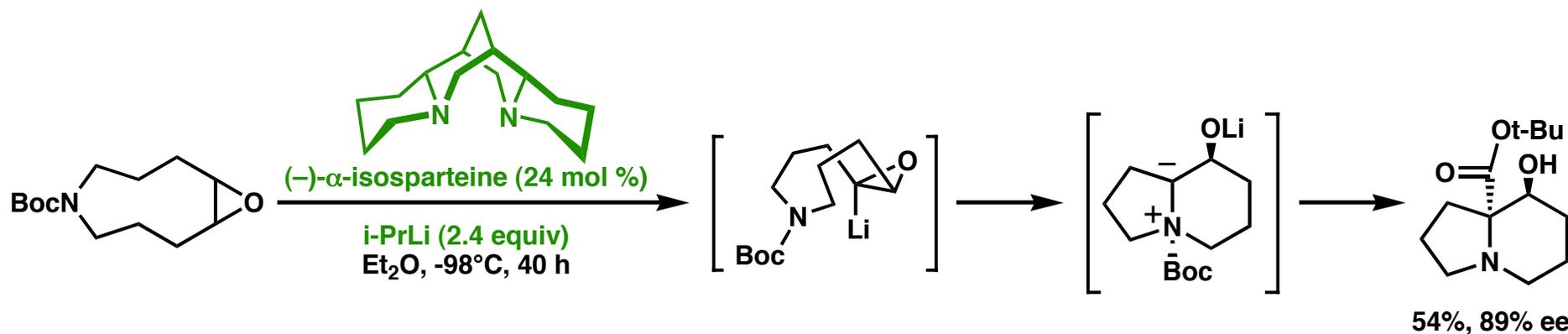
Malhotra, *Tetrahedron: Asymmetry*, **2003**, 14, 645

# Enantioselective $\alpha$ -Deprotonation of Epoxides

## Transannular C-H Insertion With Alkyl lithium Diamine Complexes



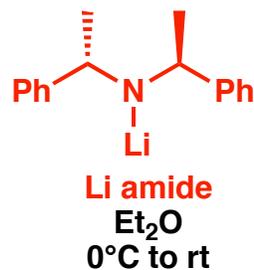
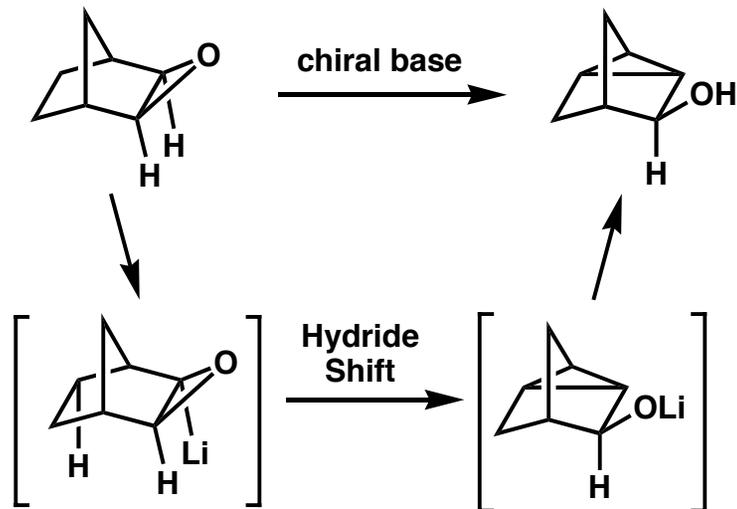
Hodgson and Lee, *Chem. Commun.* **1996**, 1015



Hodgson, et. al. *J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans 1*, **2001**, 2161

# More Transannular Epoxide Rearrangements

## Reactivity Differences in Bicyclic Systems

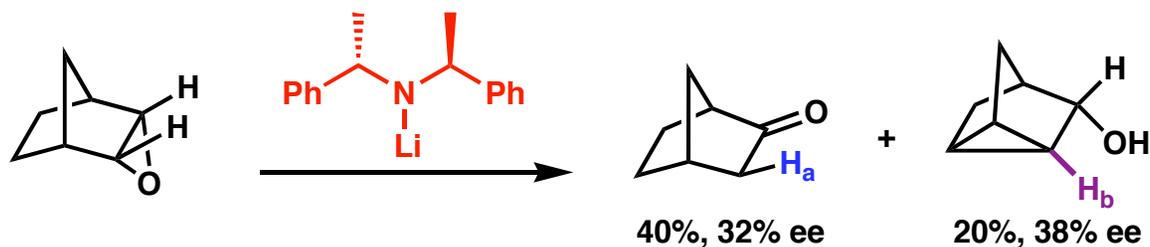


73%, 49% ee



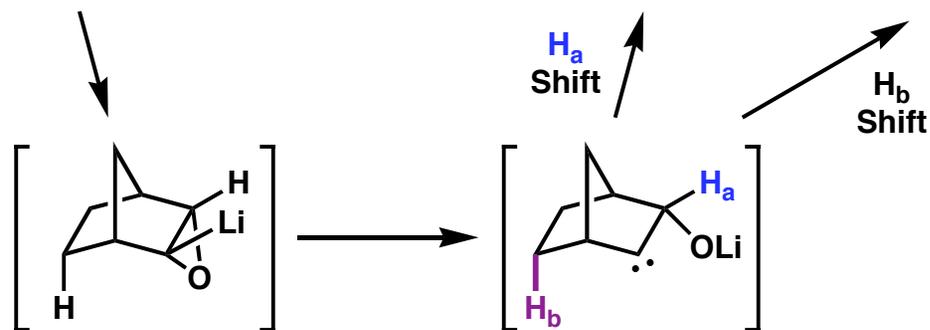
**(-)-sparteine s-BuLi**  
pentane  
 $-78^\circ\text{C}$  to  $\text{rt}$

73%, 52% ee



40%, 32% ee

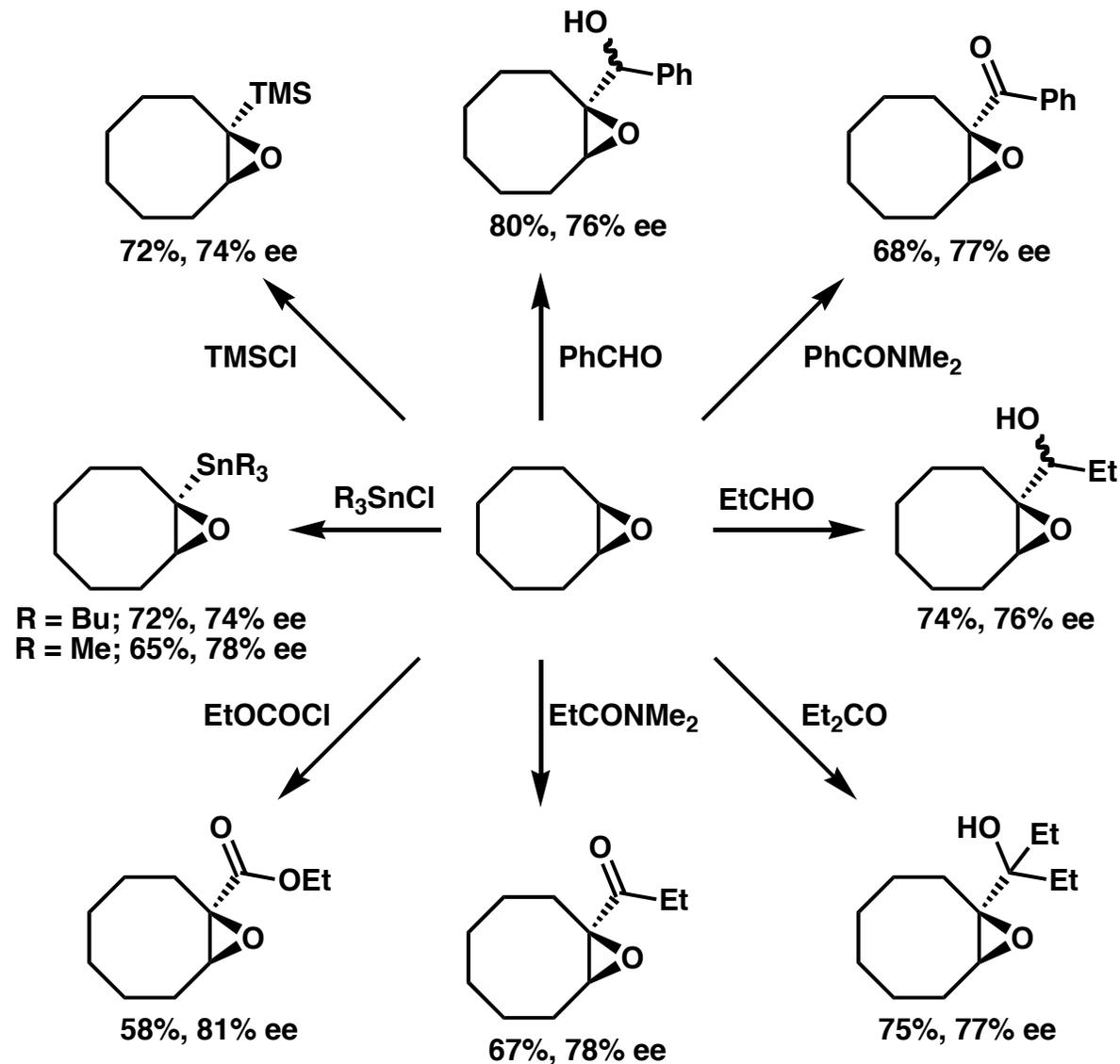
20%, 38% ee



Hodgson and Marriott, *Tetrahedron: Asymmetry*, 1997, 8, 519

# Trapping of Lithiated Epoxides

## Enantioselective Epoxide Substitution with Various Electrophiles

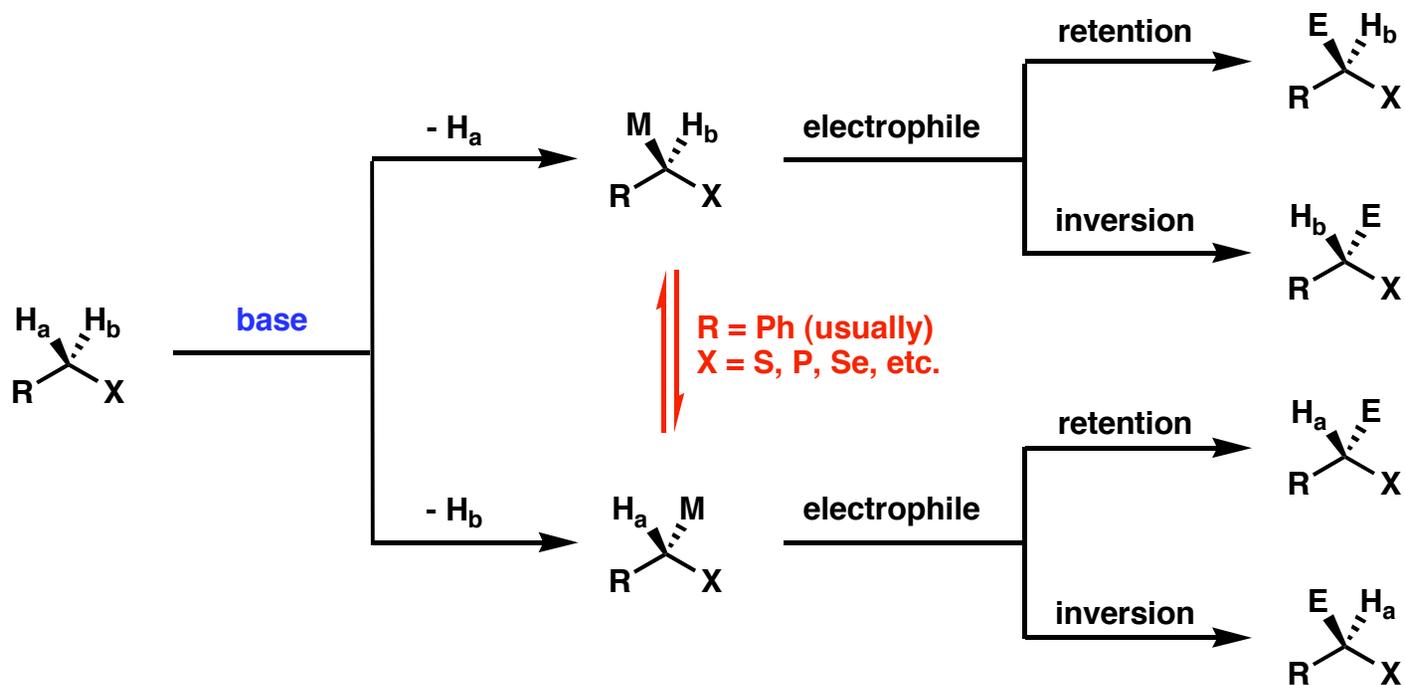


### Conditions

**s-BuLi (1.25 equiv)**  
**(-)-sparteine (1.3 equiv)**  
Et<sub>2</sub>O, -90°C, 3 h  
then  
electrophile (1.5 equiv)  
-90°C to rt over 5 h

# Deprotonation Adjacent to Heteroatoms

## A Return to Reaction Pathways

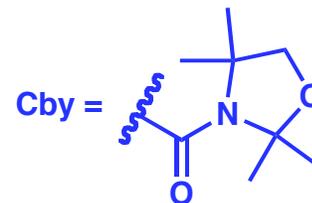
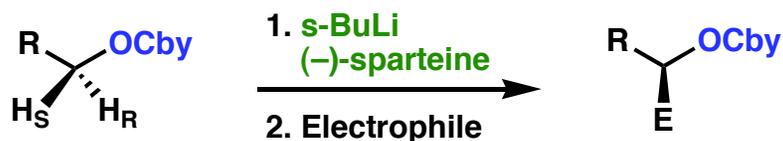


### Asymmetric Deprotonation Adjacent to Heteroatoms

- $X = O$ ,  $R = Alkyl$
- $X = CH=CR'OR''$ ,  $R = Aryl, Alkyl$
- $X = N$ ,  $R = Alkyl, Aryl, Allyl$

# Deprotonation Adjacent to Oxygen

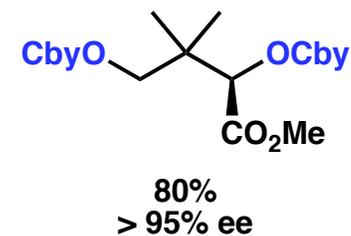
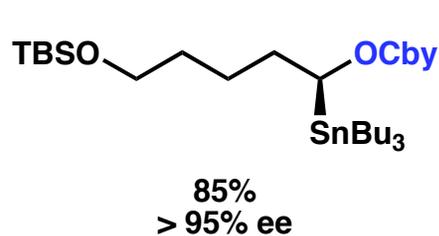
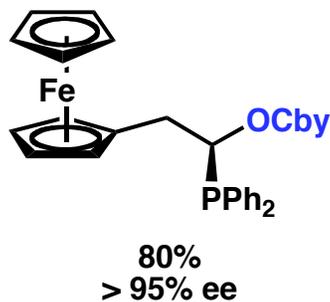
## Alkyl Carbamates



E	% Yield	% ee
D	86	> 96
PbMe <sub>3</sub>	61	93
CH <sub>2</sub> CH=CH <sub>2</sub>	60	42

R	% Yield	% ee
H <sub>3</sub> C(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>11</sub>	60	98
	64	92
CbyO-	85	> 95

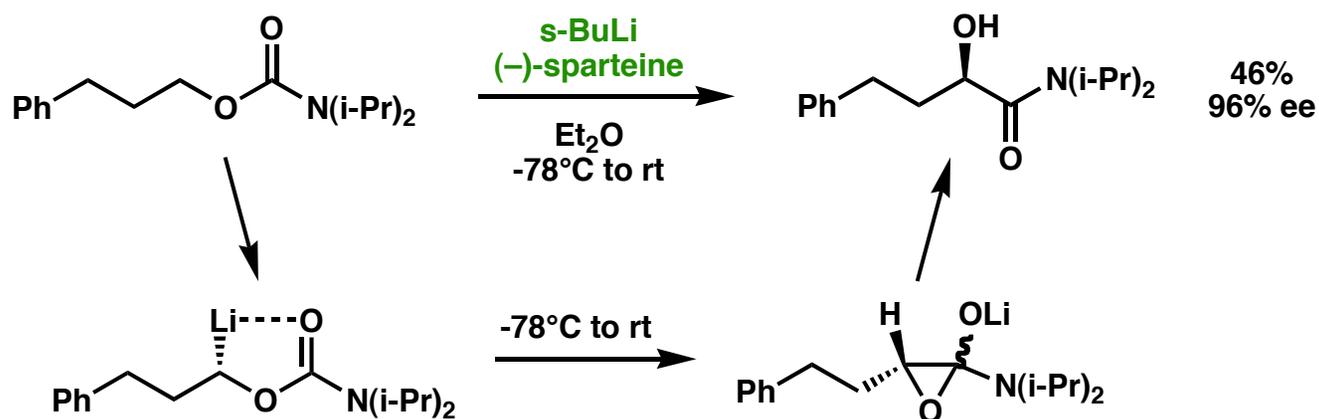
E	% Yield	% ee
CO <sub>2</sub> Me	56	> 95
Bu <sub>3</sub> Sn	70	> 95
Me <sub>3</sub> Si	70	> 95
Me	72	> 95



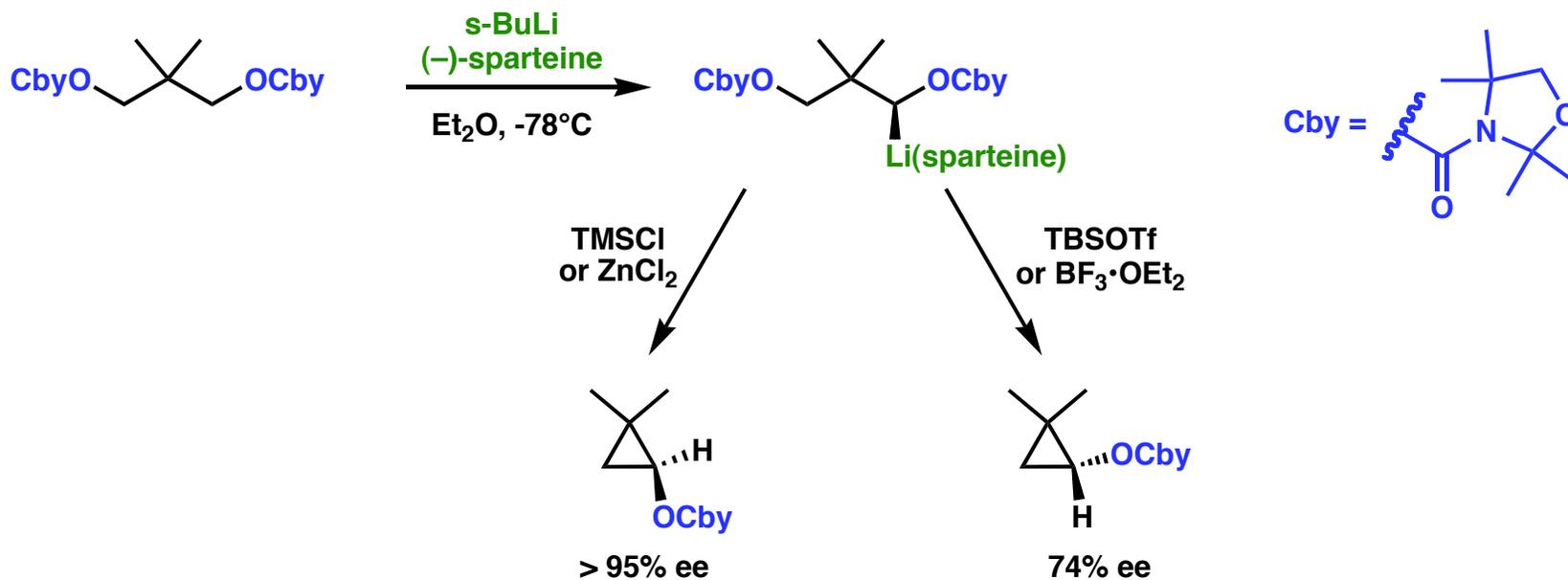
Hoppe, et. al. *Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. Engl.* **1990**, *29*, 1422  
*Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. Engl.* **1992**, *31*, 1505  
*Synthesis* **1999**, 1573  
*Org. Lett.* **2002**, *4*, 2189

# Asymmetric Deprotonation of Alkyl Carbamates

## Intramolecular Reactions



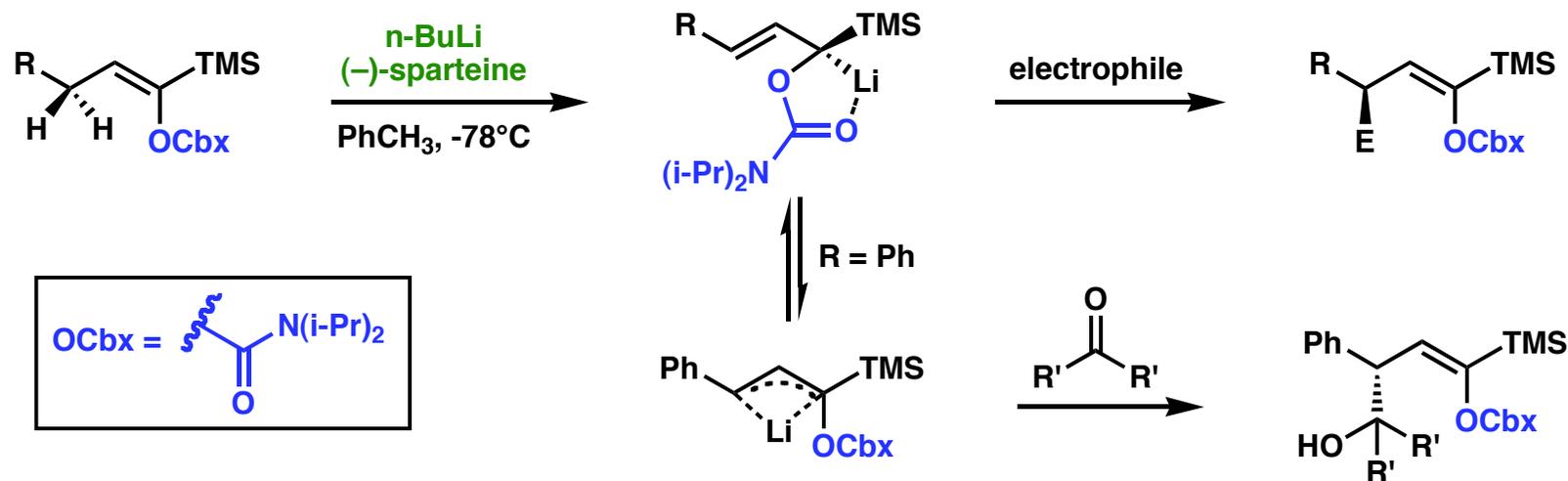
Tomooka, Shimizu, Inoue, Shibata, I Nakai, *Chem. Lett.* **1999**, 759



Hoppe, et. al. *Synlett* **1994**, 1034

# Silyl Alkenyl Carbamates

## Configurationally Stable Allyllithiums



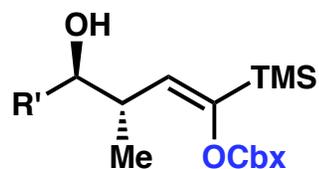
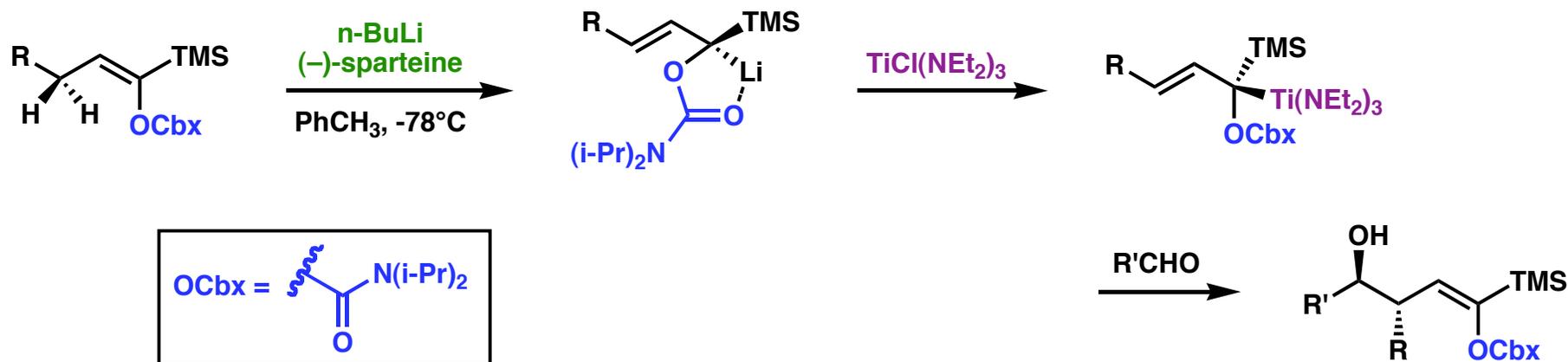
E	% Yield	% ee
Me <sub>3</sub> Si	85	≥95
Bu <sub>3</sub> Sn	80	≥95
Ph <sub>3</sub> Sn	83	≥95
MeOC(O)	35	72
t-BuC(O)	66	83

E	% Yield	% ee
Me <sub>3</sub> Si	18	92
Bu <sub>3</sub> Sn	61	≥95
Ph <sub>3</sub> Sn	96	≥95

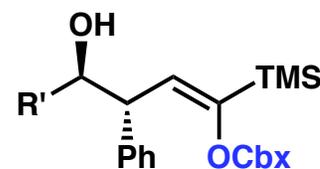
E	% Yield	% ee
MeOC(O)	72	≥95
t-BuC(O)	94	≥95
Me <sub>2</sub> COH	92	≥95
cC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>11</sub> OH	82	90

# Enantioselective Homoaldols

*Metal Exchange to Ti Leads to a Highly Diastereoselective Process*



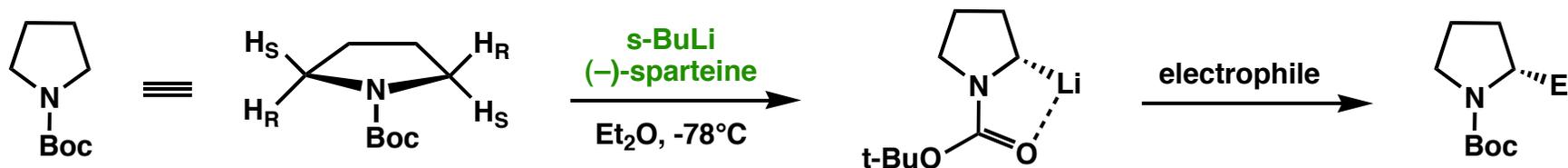
R'	% Yield	% ee
CH <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	70	≥95
(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH	72	≥95
(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> C	80	≥95
cC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>11</sub>	69	≥95
C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	71	89



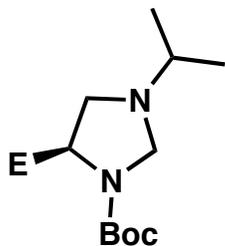
R'	% Yield	% ee
CH <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	98	91
(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH	95	94
(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> C	98	95
cC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>11</sub>	93	97
4-BrC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	99	≥95

# Deprotonation Adjacent to Nitrogen

## Alkyl Carbamates Revisited

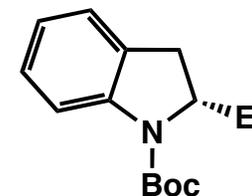


E	% Yield	% ee
Me	88	94
Me <sub>3</sub> Si	71	94
Bu <sub>3</sub> Sn	83	96
CO <sub>2</sub> H	55	88



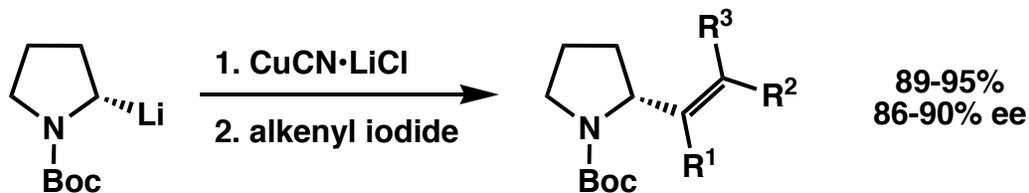
40-50%  
0-88% ee

Coldham, et. al. *Org. Lett.* **2001**, 3, 3799



15-70%  
94-98% ee

Beak, et. al. *J. Org. Chem.* **1997**, 62, 7679

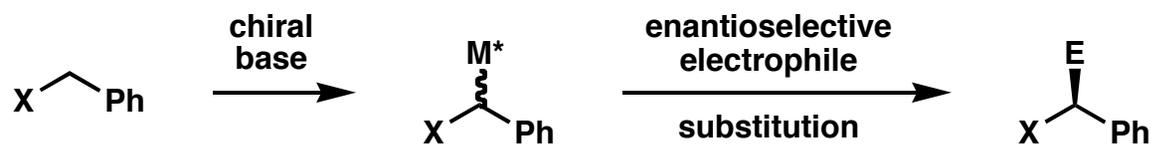


Dieter, et. al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2001**, 123, 5132

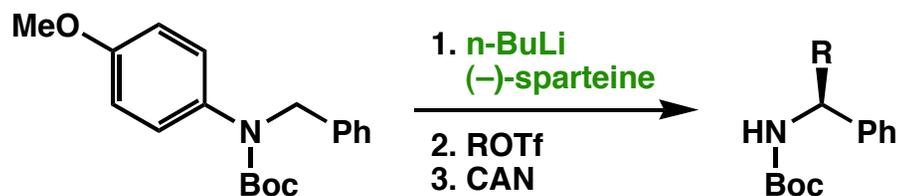
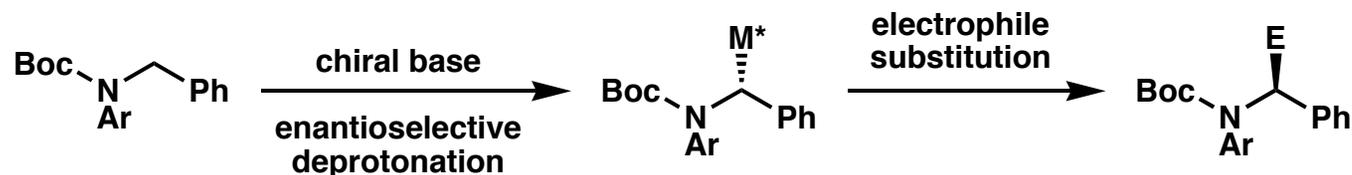
# Benzylic Carbamates

## Configurationally Stable Benzylolithiums Possible

*Most Benzylic  
Deprotonations:  
Configurationally  
Unstable Anions*



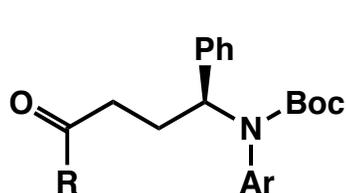
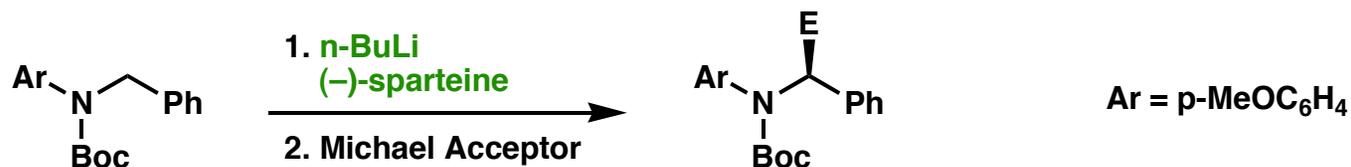
*X = NArBoc:  
Enantiomeric Anions  
Do Not Interconvert  
at Low Temp!*



R	% Yield	% ee
Me	81	94
Et	78	94
Allyl	69	93
Bn	73	96

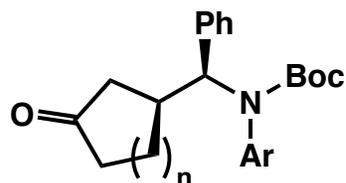
# More Benzylic Carbamates

## Applications and Electrophiles



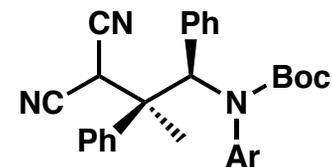
R = H: 72%, 94% ee

R = Me: 63%, 94% ee



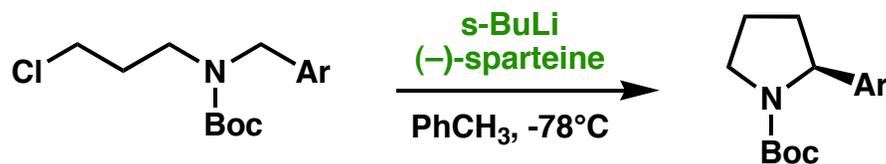
n = 1: 86%, >99:1 dr, 92% ee

n = 2: 82%, >99:1 dr, 92% ee



91%, 92:8 dr, 90% ee

Beak, et. al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1997**, *119*, 10537  
*J. Org. Chem.* **1999**, *64*, 2996

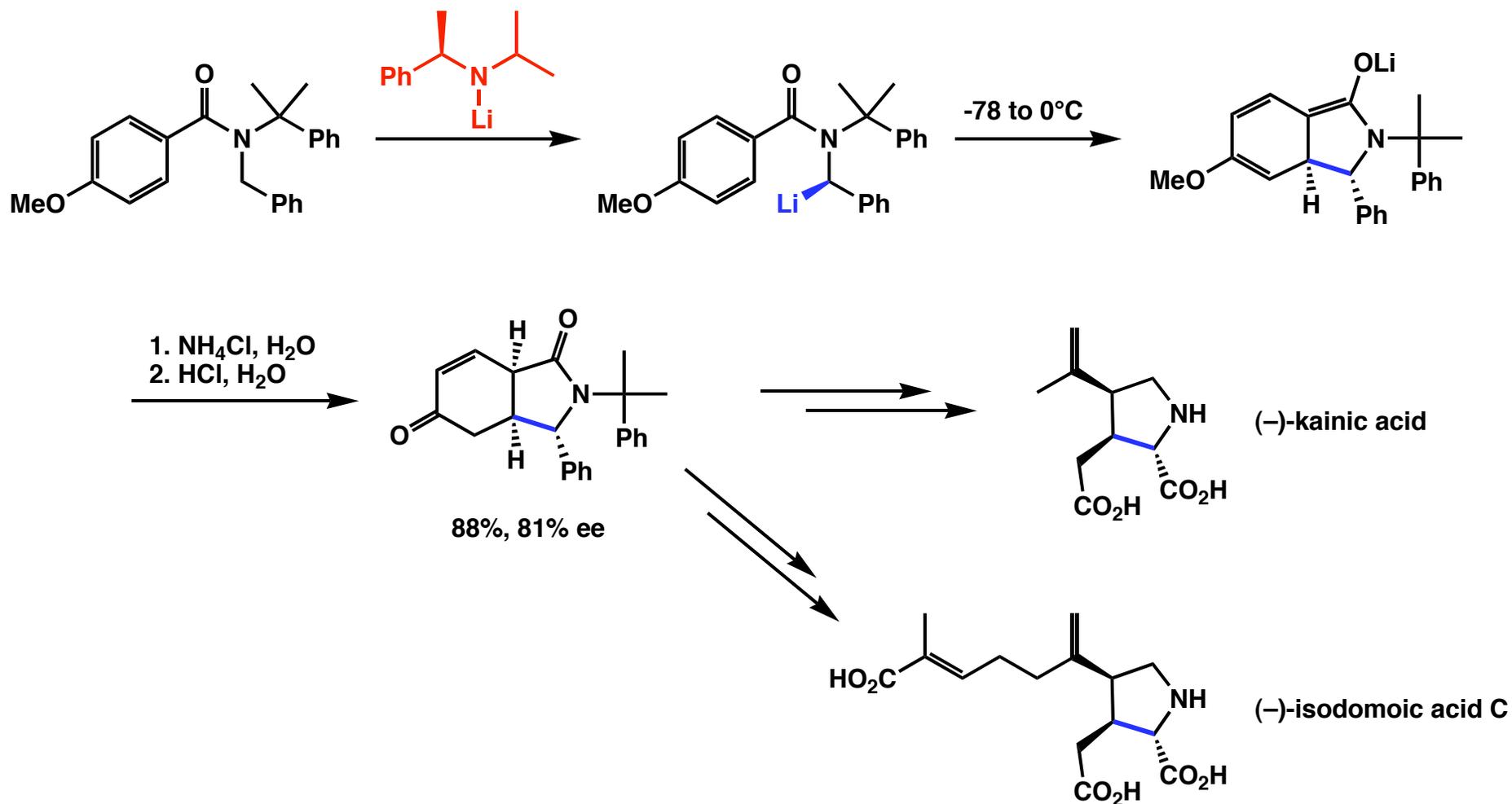


Ar	% Yield	% ee
Ph	72	96
1-Naphthyl	68	92
3-thienyl	52	92
3-furyl	21	96

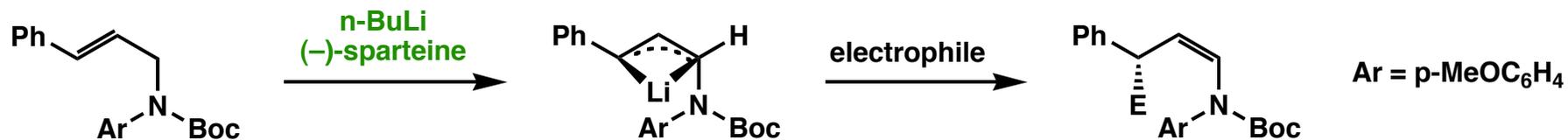
Beak, et. al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1996**, *118*, 715

# Lithium Amides in Benzylic Deprotonation

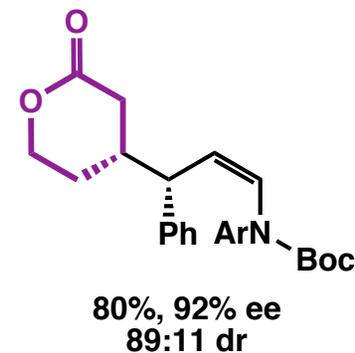
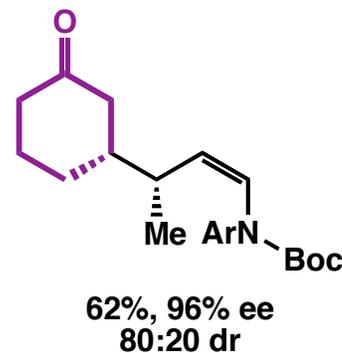
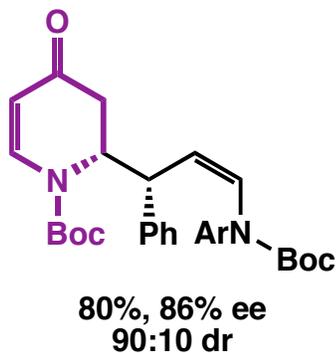
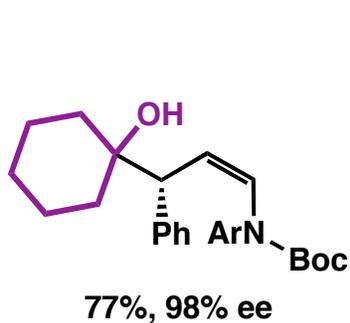
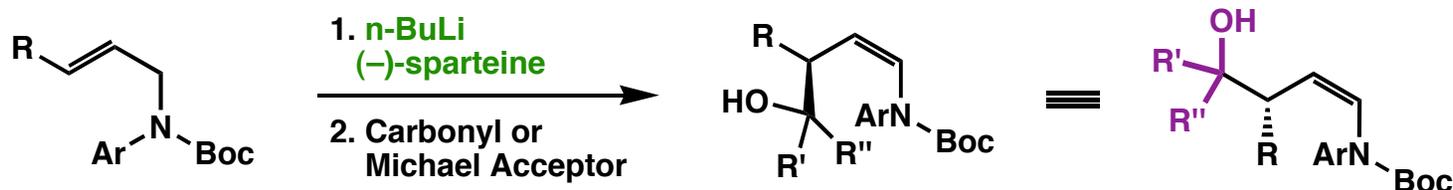
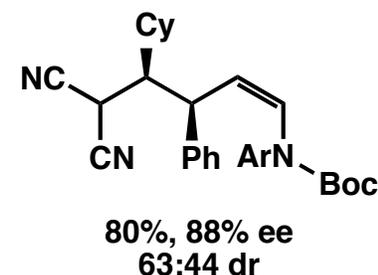
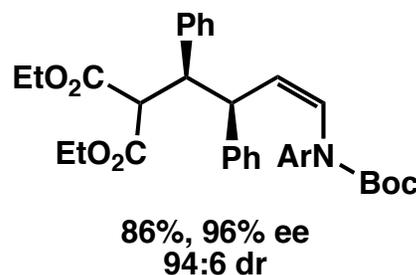
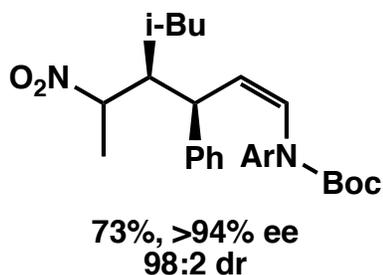
## Cyclization of Arylamides Leads to Isoindolones



# Enantioselective *N*-Allylcarbamate Deprotonation

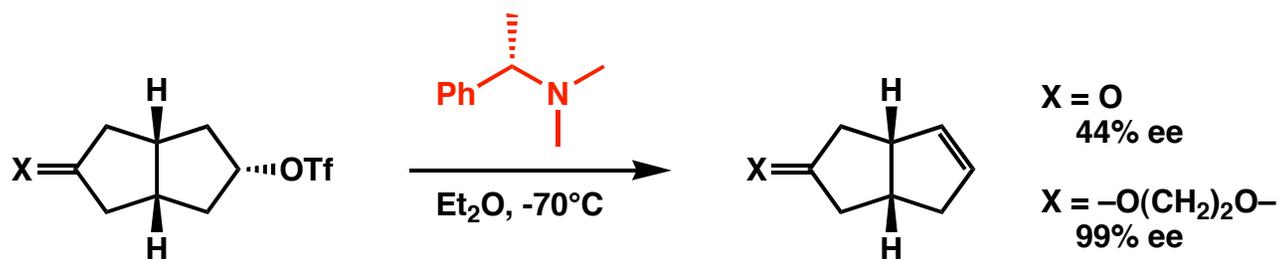


E	% Yield	% ee
Me	73	94
Bn	70	96
Allyl	72	94

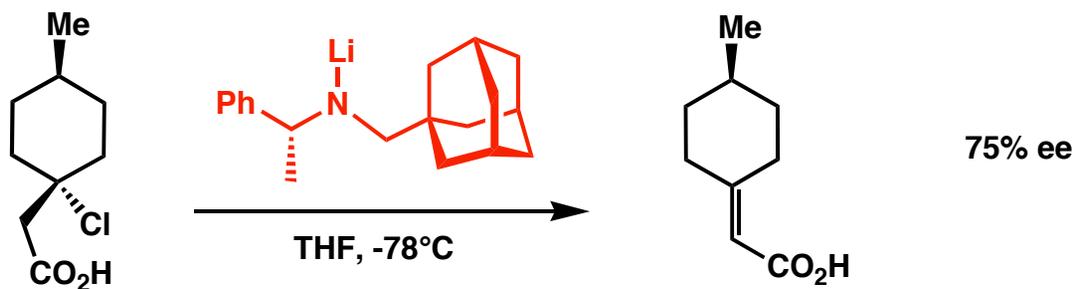
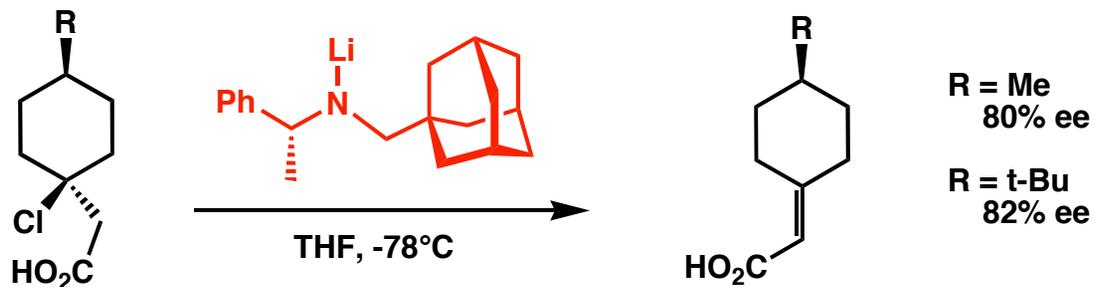


# Enantioselective Synthesis by Loss of HX

Chiral Amides Lead to Enantioenriched Alkenes



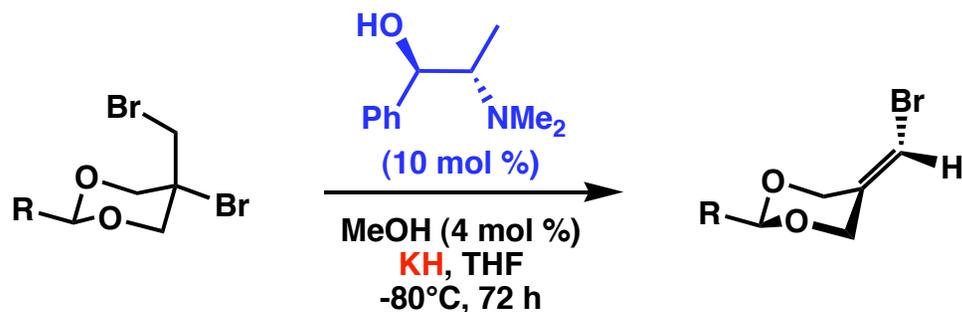
Sakai, et. al. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1987**, 28, 6489



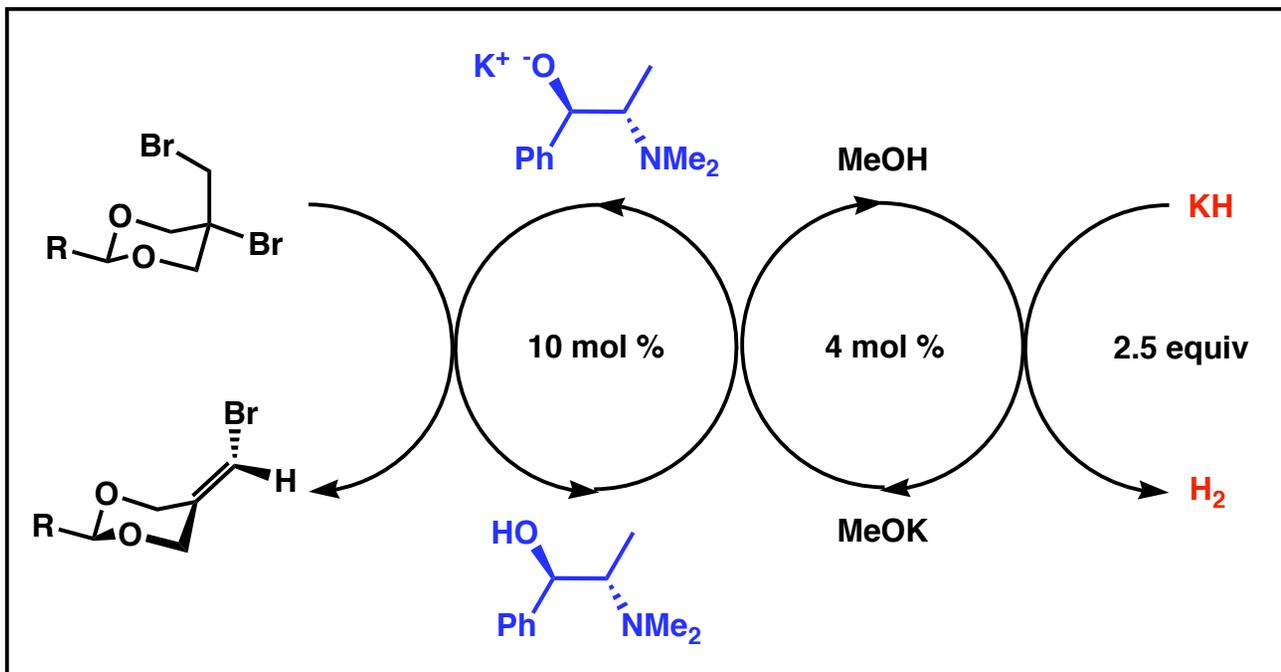
Duhamel, et. al. *Tetrahedron: Asymmetry*, **1990**, 1, 347

# More Enantioselective Loss of HX

## Chiral Alkoxides Allow Catalytic Reactions

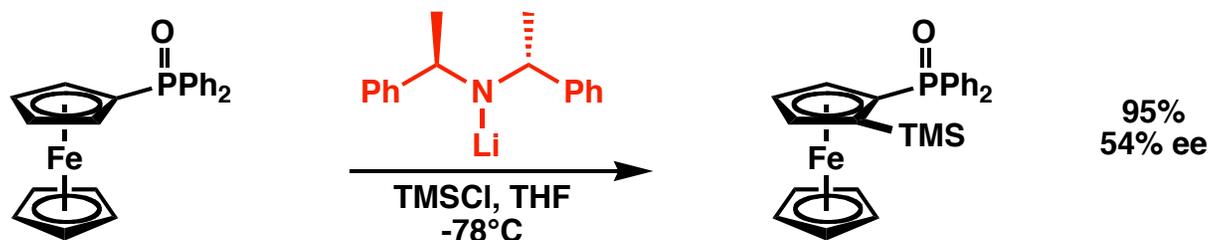


R	% Yield	% ee
t-Bu	83	90
n-Pr	78	77
i-Pr	79	65
Ph	82	94
p-MeOC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	79	>98
p-NO <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	78	>98
p-PhC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	81	96

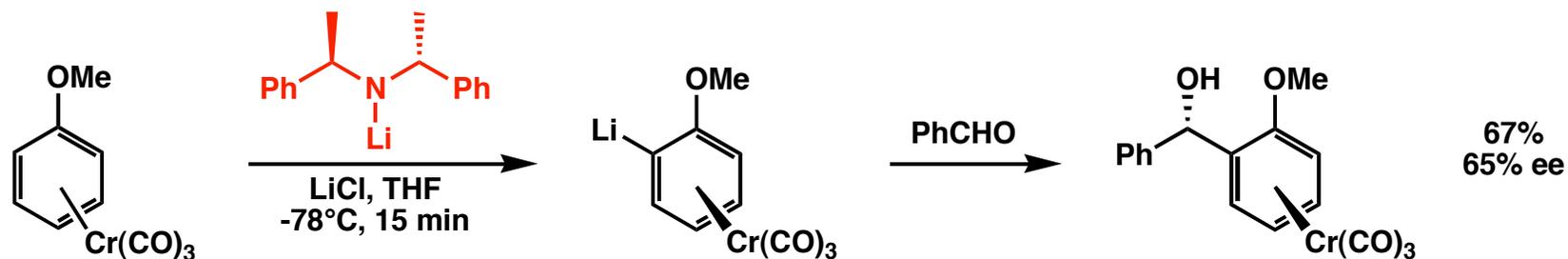


# Enantioselective Lithiation of Aromatics

## Generation of Planar Chirality with Lithium Amide Bases



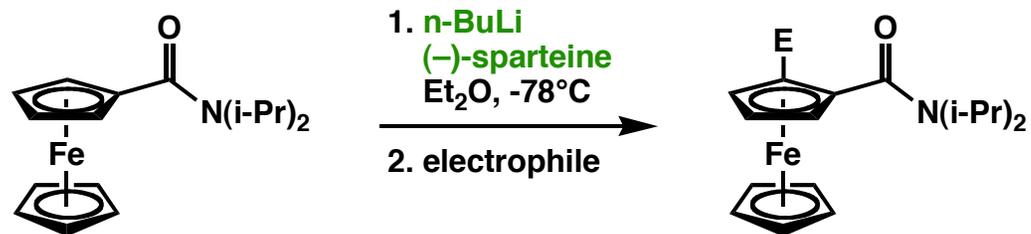
Simpkins and Price, *Tetrahedron Lett.*, **1995**, 36, 6135



Simpkins, et. al. *J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans 1*, **1997**, 401

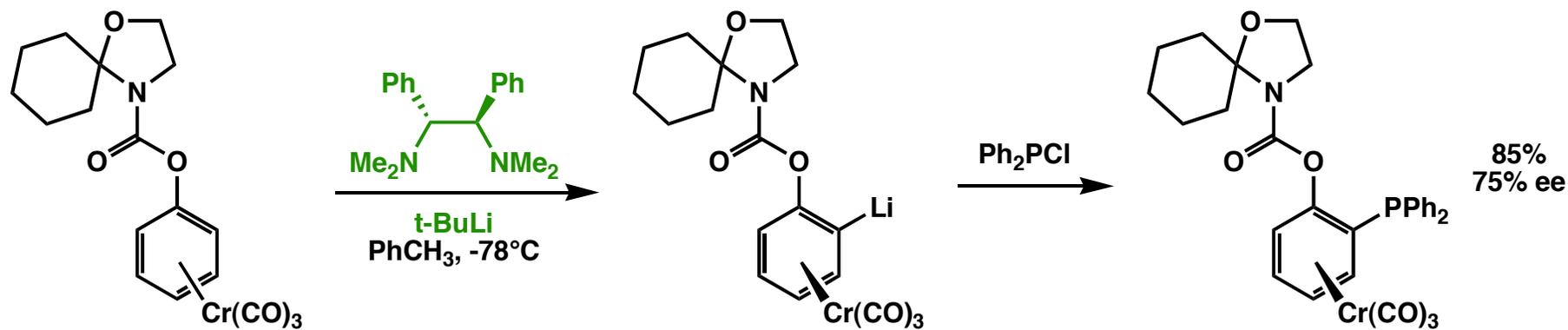
# Enantioselective Lithiation of Aromatics

## Generation of Planar Chirality with Alkylolithium / Sparteine



E	% Yield	% ee
TMS	96	98
Me	91	94
$\text{Ph}_2\text{C}(\text{OH})$	91	99
I	85	96
$\text{Ph}_2\text{P}$	82	90
$\text{B}(\text{OH})_2$	89	85

Snieckus, et. al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **1996**, 118, 685



Uemura, et. al. *Tetrahedron: Asymmetry*, **1994**, 5, 1427